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**Poverty Situation in the Philippines in 2007
(Selected Non-Income Poverty Indicators from the 2007
Annual Poverty Indicators Survey)**

Two in every five poor Filipino families do not have electricity in their homes

- Based on the results of the 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey, 38.0 percent of families in the bottom 30% income stratum do not have electricity in their homes compared to 6.5 percent among families in the upper 70% income stratum. The bottom 30% of all families in this report represents the poor families.
- At the national level, 16.0 percent of all families do not have electricity.
- Regions with highest percentages of families without electricity are Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) (36.5%), MIMAROPA (35.4%) and Zamboanga Peninsula (35.4%).

One in five families does not have access to safe water supply

- Almost 83 percent of the total families have access to a safe source of water supply. Considered as clean and safe sources of water supply are community water system and protected well. The remaining 17 percent of families obtain their water from sources considered unsafe, such as unprotected well (5.7%), developed spring (4.8%), undeveloped spring (1.9%), river, stream, pond, lake or dam (1.1%), rainwater (0.4%), tanker truck or peddler (2.3%) and other sources (0.8%).

- Nine in 10 families that belong to the upper 70% income stratum have access to safe water compared to seven in 10 families in the bottom 30% income stratum.
- Four regions have over 90 percent of their families with access to safe water. These are Central Luzon (93.8%), Cagayan Valley (92.6%), Ilocos (91.2%) and NCR (90.9%).
- In ARMM, less than half (48.1%) of the families have access to safe water.

Table 1. Percentage of Families with Access to Safe Water, by Region and Income Stratum: 2007 APIS

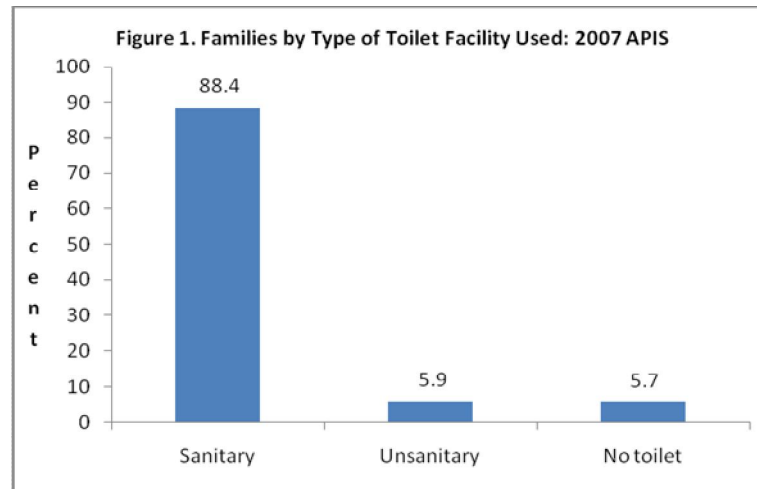
Region	All Families	Bottom 30%	Upper 70%
Philippines	82.9	70.0	88.5
National Capital Region	90.9	84.7	91.2
Cordillera Administrative Region	80.5	81.6	80.0
I - Ilocos	91.2	85.5	93.4
II - Cagayan Valley	92.6	88.6	94.6
III - Central Luzon	93.8	88.9	94.8
IVA - CALABARZON	89.0	72.6	91.9
IVB - MIMAROPA	76.6	70.8	82.0
V - Bicol	73.0	62.3	82.2
VI - Western Visayas	77.5	69.0	82.8
VII - Central Visayas	76.0	61.2	84.4
VIII - Eastern Visayas	83.4	78.5	88.1
IX - Zamboanga Peninsula	74.3	63.5	86.4
X - Northern Mindanao	82.8	73.1	90.1
XI - Davao	72.0	51.7	82.8
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN	81.4	71.7	89.6
XIII - Caraga	72.7	66.8	78.3
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	48.1	50.6	43.8

*Note: Safe sources of water refer to community water system and protected well.
Source: National Statistics Office, 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey*

One in 10 Filipino families has no sanitary toilet

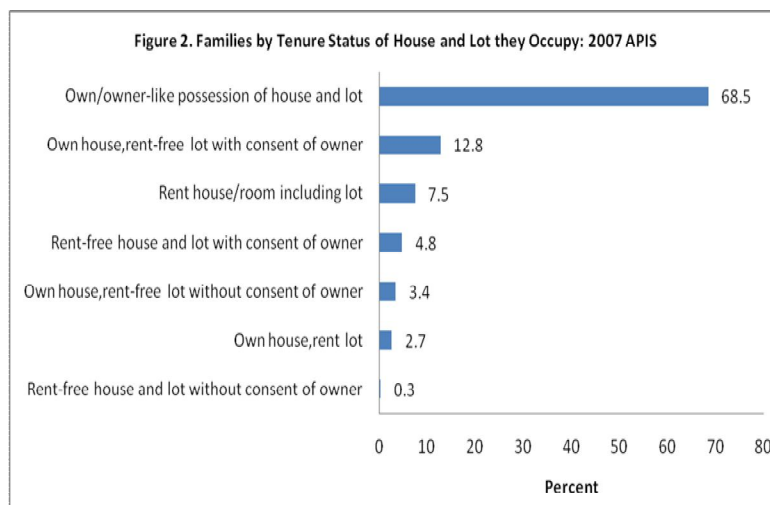
- The proportion of Filipino families using sanitary toilets is 88.4 percent. Sanitary toilet refers to flush toilet (either owned or shared) and closed pit type of toilet facility.
- Other families use open pit (3.5%), drop or overhang (1.4%), pail system (0.7%) and other types of toilets (0.3%), which are considered unsanitary toilets.
- There are 5.7 percent families without toilet facilities in their homes at all.

- Regions with over 20 percent of families without sanitary toilets are Central Visayas (20.2%), Zamboanga Peninsula (21.3%), Eastern Visayas (22.3%) and ARMM (50.1%).
- Poor families are more likely to use an unsanitary toilet than non-poor families. The percentage of poor families without sanitary toilet at home is 26.2 percent compared to 5.4 percent among non-poor families.



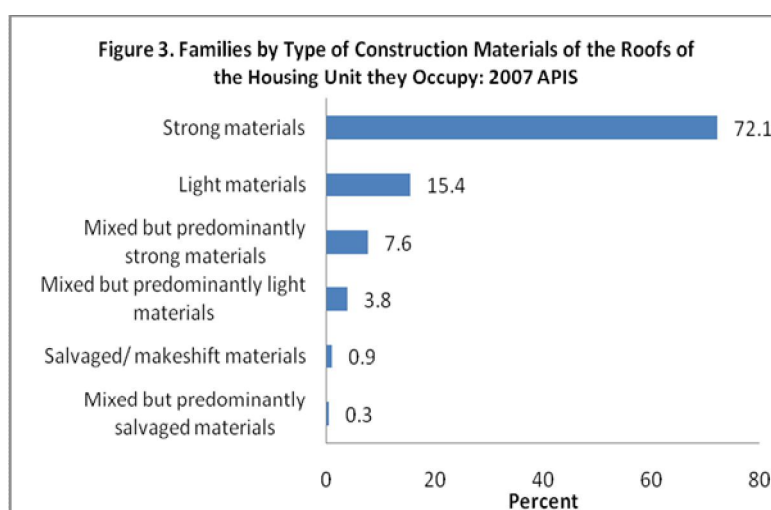
Seven out of 10 families in the country own the house and lot they occupy

- Sixty-nine percent of families in the country own the house and lot they occupy. The remaining 31 percent occupy houses and lots under the following tenure: own house, rent-free lot with consent of owner (12.8%), rent house/room including lot (7.5%), rent-free house and lot with consent of owner (4.8%), own house, rent-free lot without consent of owner (3.4%), own house, rent lot (2.7%), and rent-free house and lot without consent of owner (0.3%).
- Among the families in the upper 70% income stratum, 70.4 percent own their house and lot while among the bottom 30% income stratum, 64.1 percent.
- Among the regions, NCR (54.8%), Caraga (52.3%) and Western Visayas (51.6%) have the lowest percentage of families owning house and lot.
- In NCR, only 39.4 percent of families in the bottom 30% income stratum own the house and lot they are occupying.



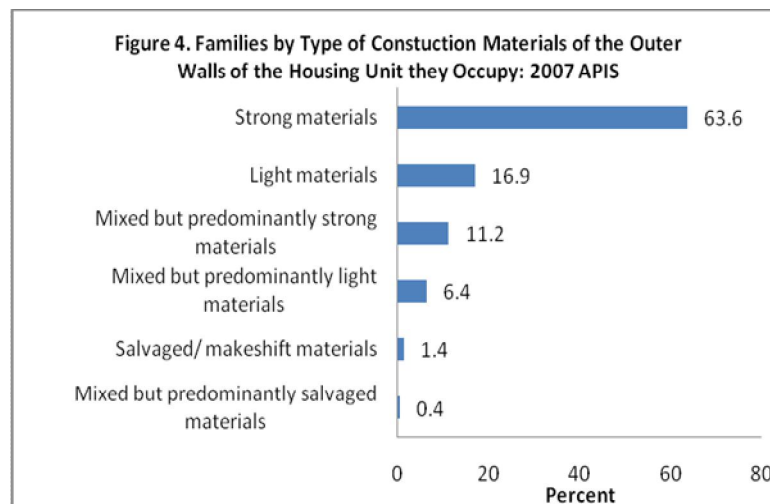
Seven in 10 families are living in houses with roofs made of strong materials

- Families living in houses with roofs made of strong materials comprised 72.1 percent. Strong materials include galvanized iron/aluminum, tile, concrete, brick, stone and asbestos.
- Eighty percent of families in the upper 70% income stratum have housing units made of strong roofs compared to 52.7 percent of families in the bottom 30%.
- Three in 10 poor families have roofs made of light materials. Considered as light materials are cogon, nipa and anahaw.



Six out of 10 families are occupying housing units with outer walls made of strong materials

- Families occupying housing units with outer walls made of strong materials constitute 63.6 percent of total families in the Philippines. Strong materials include concrete, brick, stone, asbestos, galvanized iron/aluminum and tile.
- Only 40.6 percent of families in the bottom 30% income stratum are living in housing units with outer walls made of strong materials compared to 73.5 percent among families in the upper 70% income stratum.
- Among the regions, Cordillera Administrative Region recorded the highest percentage (89.3%) of families living in houses with strong outer walls.
- On the other hand, Western Visayas have the lowest percentage (36.8%) of families living in houses with strong outer walls.



TECHNICAL NOTES

The Annual Poverty Indicators Survey (APIS) is a nationwide survey designed to provide information on the different non-income indicators related to poverty. Since 1998, APIS has been conducted during the years when the Family Income and Expenditures Survey is not conducted. APIS provides social, economic and demographic data on Filipino families which have been correlated with poverty.

The 2007 APIS is the fifth in the series of annual poverty indicators surveys conducted by the National Statistics Office. Fieldwork for the 2007 APIS was carried out on July 9 to 31, 2007.

Out of the 43,107 eligible sample households, 40,239 were successfully interviewed in APIS 2007. This translated to a response rate of 93.3 percent at the national level.

For the purpose of this report, families are grouped into two income strata, the Bottom 30% and Upper 70%. This grouping of families was used as a proxy for those falling below the poverty line. The Bottom 30% refers to the lowest 30 percent of the total families in the per capita income distribution, arranged in descending order. These families are considered the poor families. On the other hand, the Upper 70%, considered as non-poor, refers to the upper 70 percent of the total families in the per capita income distribution.

Table 1. Families with Electricity in House/Building they Reside in, by Region and Income Stratum: 2007

Region	Families with Electricity in House/Building they Reside in					
	Total		Lowest 30%		Highest 70%	
	Number ('000)	Percent	Number ('000)	Percent	Number ('000)	Percent
Philippines	14,704	84.0	3,254	62.0	11,450	93.5
National Capital Region	2,379	99.0	84	93.4	2,294	99.2
Cordillera Administrative Region	262	84.7	59	62.7	203	94.5
I - Ilocos	892	92.4	212	83.7	679	95.5
II - Cagayan Valley	519	82.4	131	64.0	388	91.3
III - Central Luzon	1,875	96.1	264	85.9	1,610	98.0
IVA - CALABARZON	2,135	92.8	240	69.5	1,894	96.9
IVB - MIMAROPA	362	64.6	123	45.9	238	81.9
V - Bicol	750	72.9	267	56.2	483	87.2
VI - Western Visayas	1,107	79.3	336	63.2	771	89.2
VII - Central Visayas	866	78.9	235	58.8	631	90.4
VIII - Eastern Visayas	637	76.6	258	63.5	379	89.2
IX - Zamboanga Peninsula	409	64.6	152	45.1	257	86.6
X - Northern Mindanao	635	78.6	213	61.0	422	92.1
XI - Davao	643	75.2	145	48.8	498	89.2
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN	530	71.7	184	54.7	346	85.8
XIII - Caraga	359	79.4	143	65.5	217	92.3
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	344	63.5	206	61.7	138	66.5

Source: National Statistics Office, 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey

Table 2. Families by Main Source of Water Supply, by Region and Income Stratum: 2007

Region and Income Stratum	Number of Families ('000)	Main Source of Water Supply (Percent Distribution)										
		Community Water System			Protected Well	Unprotected Well	Developed Spring	Undeveloped Spring	Rivers/Stream/Pond/Lake/Dam	Rain Water	Tanker Truck/Peddler	Other Sources
		Dwelling	Yard/Plot	Public Tap								
Philippines	17,502	41.2	5.7	9.8	26.2	5.7	4.8	1.9	1.1	0.4	2.3	0.8
	Lowest 30%	5,251	16.2	6.7	14.1	10.9	8.9	4.5	2.5	0.7	1.9	0.6
	Highest 70%	12,251	52.0	5.3	7.9	23.3	3.5	3.1	0.8	0.5	0.3	2.5
National Capital Region	2,403	75.6	5.2	8.5	1.6	0.3	-	-	-	-	6.5	2.2
	Lowest 30%	90	53.8	7.8	20.8	2.3	-	-	-	-	12.3	1.7
	Highest 70%	2,312	76.4	5.1	8.1	1.6	0.3	-	-	-	6.3	2.2
Cordillera Administrative Region	309	49.1	14.8	6.8	9.8	2.2	10.0	1.6	0.5	0.3	4.8	0.1
	Lowest 30%	95	29.3	25.8	13.9	12.6	5.7	9.8	0.9	0.2	0.4	-
	Highest 70%	214	57.8	10.0	3.6	8.6	0.7	10.1	1.7	0.3	6.8	0.2
I - Ilocos	965	25.1	6.3	3.4	56.4	3.5	4.7	0.2	0.2	-	0.1	0.1
	Lowest 30%	254	15.7	7.9	3.2	58.7	5.1	8.2	0.5	0.3	-	0.3
	Highest 70%	712	28.5	5.8	3.5	55.6	2.9	3.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	-
II - Cagayan Valley	630	19.3	5.9	3.8	63.6	3.2	2.7	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.4
	Lowest 30%	205	11.1	5.8	5.8	65.9	4.8	4.6	1.1	0.9	-	0.1
	Highest 70%	425	23.3	6.0	2.9	62.4	2.5	1.8	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.5
III - Central Luzon	1,951	50.2	4.3	4.3	35.0	2.4	1.7	0.3	0.4	-	0.8	0.4
	Lowest 30%	308	27.8	5.0	7.3	48.8	3.6	3.5	0.8	0.2	0.9	0.5
	Highest 70%	1,643	54.4	4.2	3.8	32.4	2.2	1.4	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.4
IVA - CALABARZON	2,300	54.3	2.0	8.2	24.5	2.3	3.2	0.8	0.5	-	3.1	0.9
	Lowest 30%	345	22.7	2.2	7.6	40.1	7.6	8.0	3.1	0.3	4.5	1.3
	Highest 70%	1,954	59.9	1.9	8.3	21.8	1.4	2.3	0.5	0.1	2.9	0.9
IVB - MIMAROPA	560	27.0	6.7	6.4	36.5	8.0	9.9	2.3	2.1	0.2	0.6	0.3
	Lowest 30%	269	16.0	7.7	6.2	40.9	11.8	9.6	3.6	0.1	0.6	0.4
	Highest 70%	291	37.2	5.9	6.5	32.4	4.5	10.2	1.0	1.3	0.2	0.6
V - Bicol	1,029	26.2	5.7	12.3	28.8	16.5	3.5	3.9	1.2	-	1.3	0.6
	Lowest 30%	476	11.7	5.6	15.2	29.8	23.3	4.3	6.0	2.2	0.8	1.0
	Highest 70%	554	38.7	5.7	9.8	28.0	10.6	2.8	2.1	0.3	1.7	0.2
VI - Western Visayas	1,396	21.8	8.5	9.9	37.3	12.0	4.9	1.8	0.6	0.4	1.5	1.2
	Lowest 30%	532	9.3	8.1	12.1	39.5	17.5	6.7	3.2	1.0	1.5	0.8
	Highest 70%	865	29.5	8.8	8.5	36.0	8.7	3.9	1.0	0.4	1.6	1.4
VII - Central Visayas	1,098	39.9	8.0	10.6	17.5	6.3	7.6	3.8	0.9	1.1	3.6	0.9
	Lowest 30%	399	18.7	9.9	12.8	19.8	9.2	13.8	1.7	1.9	4.8	0.5
	Highest 70%	698	52.0	6.9	9.3	16.2	4.7	4.0	2.0	0.6	2.9	1.1
VIII - Eastern Visayas	831	32.5	7.4	24.3	19.2	7.1	5.0	0.4	2.0	0.2	1.5	0.5
	Lowest 30%	407	18.9	7.6	29.8	22.2	9.2	6.3	3.0	0.1	1.3	0.6
	Highest 70%	424	45.6	7.2	19.0	16.3	5.0	3.7	-	1.0	1.7	0.4

Table 2 - Concluded

Region and Income Stratum		Number of Families ('000)	Main Source of Water Supply (Percent Distribution)										
			Community Water System			Protected Well	Unprotected Well	Developed Spring	Undeveloped Spring	Rivers/Stream/ Pond/Lake/Dam	Rain Water	Tanker Truck/Peddler	Other Sources
			Dwelling	Yard/Plot	Public Tap								
IX - Zamboanga Peninsula		634	28.2	7.2	20.4	18.5	8.8	7.0	6.2	1.0	0.1	2.2	0.4
Lowest 30%		337	9.1	6.7	25.1	22.6	13.2	8.4	10.2	1.5	-	2.9	0.3
Highest 70%		297	49.7	7.7	15.1	13.9	3.9	5.5	1.7	0.5	0.1	1.4	0.0
X - Northern Mindanao		808	44.0	6.7	17.7	14.4	2.0	9.4	4.0	0.8	-	0.4	0.6
Lowest 30%		350	21.8	9.0	22.8	19.5	3.1	14.2	7.4	0.9	-	0.6	0.6
Highest 70%		458	60.9	4.9	13.8	10.5	1.2	5.8	1.3	0.8	-	0.2	0.6
XI - Davao		855	36.4	9.3	7.3	19.0	4.5	11.7	6.3	2.4	1.8	0.8	0.5
Lowest 30%		297	12.5	10.1	8.0	21.1	7.0	20.0	13.7	4.5	1.8	1.0	0.2
Highest 70%		558	49.0	8.9	7.0	17.9	3.1	7.3	2.3	1.3	1.7	0.7	0.7
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN		740	22.2	4.4	12.2	42.6	5.4	6.8	2.9	1.2	0.1	1.4	0.6
Lowest 30%		336	10.8	3.5	12.5	44.9	7.8	10.4	5.2	2.3	0.3	1.8	0.6
Highest 70%		403	31.7	5.2	12.0	40.7	3.4	3.8	1.0	0.4	-	1.2	0.6
XIII - Caraga		453	33.4	2.6	12.9	23.8	6.9	11.0	2.1	3.5	0.9	2.2	0.6
Lowest 30%		218	17.3	2.8	19.2	27.5	7.7	13.0	3.2	5.4	0.7	2.2	0.9
Highest 70%		235	48.3	2.5	7.1	20.4	6.3	9.2	1.1	1.6	1.1	2.2	0.4
Autonomous Region in Muslim													
Mindanao		542	12.1	2.2	9.4	24.4	25.7	6.8	3.4	8.5	4.7	2.2	0.7
Lowest 30%		334	8.4	0.6	12.2	29.4	22.9	8.2	2.4	9.0	4.3	1.8	0.7
Highest 70%		208	17.9	4.8	4.7	16.4	30.0	4.7	5.0	7.8	5.4	2.7	0.6

Note: "-" denotes zero count or less than 0.05 percent
Source: National Statistics Office, 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey

Table 3. Families by Type of Toilet Facility they Use, by Region and Income Stratum: 2007

Region and Income Stratum	Number of Families ('000)	Type of Toilet Facility (Percent Distribution)							
		Own Toilet	Shared Toilet	Close Pit	Open Pit	Drop/Overhang	Pail System	No Toilet/Field/Bush	Other
Philippines	17,502	72.8	8.6	7.0	3.5	1.4	0.7	5.7	0.3
Lowest 30%	5,251	51.2	11.0	11.7	7.8	2.5	1.2	14.2	0.5
Highest 70%	12,251	82.1	7.6	5.0	1.6	0.9	0.6	2.1	0.2
National Capital Region	2,403	86.1	10.3	0.9	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.2
Lowest 30%	90	72.7	20.8	0.6	0.7	2.4	1.2	1.7	-
Highest 70%	2,312	86.6	9.9	0.9	1.0	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.2
Cordillera Administrative Region									
I - Ilocos	309	69.7	8.8	8.2	8.0	1.4	0.6	2.8	0.4
Lowest 30%	95	46.8	10.0	13.3	17.9	2.6	0.8	7.7	0.9
Highest 70%	214	79.8	8.3	6.0	3.6	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.2
II - Cagayan Valley	965	81.6	10.6	5.7	1.8	-	-	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	254	69.8	16.1	10.0	3.5	-	0.2	0.5	-
Highest 70%	712	85.9	8.6	4.1	1.2	-	-	0.2	-
III - Central Luzon	630	70.8	10.0	13.1	4.5	0.1	0.2	1.2	-
Lowest 30%	205	55.2	12.4	20.4	8.6	0.3	0.4	2.4	0.1
Highest 70%	425	78.3	8.9	9.6	2.5	-	0.1	0.7	-
IV - CALABARZON	1,951	76.0	8.4	12.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.2
Lowest 30%	308	57.1	16.2	17.0	3.4	1.7	0.4	3.4	1.0
Highest 70%	1,643	79.5	7.0	11.9	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.1
IVB - MIMAROPA	2,300	86.1	5.6	2.4	1.3	1.1	0.9	2.4	0.2
Lowest 30%	345	60.6	11.4	5.2	5.2	2.9	2.3	12.3	0.3
Highest 70%	1,954	90.6	4.6	1.9	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.2
V - Bicol	560	57.1	6.6	16.2	2.8	2.7	2.2	12.2	0.1
Lowest 30%	269	44.6	8.4	15.3	4.9	3.4	2.9	20.5	0.1
Highest 70%	291	68.7	4.9	17.0	0.9	2.2	1.5	4.6	0.1
VI - Western Visayas	1,029	69.0	9.4	5.2	2.9	0.3	0.4	12.4	0.4
Lowest 30%	476	53.0	11.9	7.9	4.1	0.5	0.7	21.3	0.6
Highest 70%	554	82.7	7.2	2.9	1.9	0.2	0.2	4.8	0.2
VII - Central Visayas	1,396	68.4	6.6	8.2	5.3	0.8	0.9	9.1	0.7
Lowest 30%	532	49.0	8.9	12.2	9.1	1.1	1.3	17.4	1.1
Highest 70%	865	80.4	5.2	5.7	3.0	0.6	0.7	4.1	0.4
VIII - Eastern Visayas	1,098	66.8	9.3	3.8	2.6	0.9	1.3	14.9	0.5
Lowest 30%	399	47.3	9.9	7.4	4.8	1.8	0.8	27.3	0.7
Highest 70%	698	78.0	8.9	1.7	1.3	0.3	1.6	7.8	0.3
IX - Zamboanga Peninsula	831	68.5	6.6	2.6	1.9	0.8	0.7	18.3	0.6
Lowest 30%	407	55.0	7.8	3.0	2.7	0.5	1.0	29.0	0.9
Highest 70%	424	81.4	5.5	2.2	1.1	1.0	0.4	8.0	0.3
X - Northern Mindanao	634	58.1	6.0	14.5	6.4	2.0	1.6	11.0	0.3
Lowest 30%	337	42.5	6.0	19.2	8.8	3.3	2.3	17.4	0.5
Highest 70%	297	75.8	6.0	9.1	3.7	0.5	0.9	3.8	0.1
XI - Davao	808	72.9	10.6	6.6	3.5	1.4	1.1	3.8	0.1
Lowest 30%	350	58.0	12.9	11.1	6.6	2.1	1.7	7.5	0.1
Highest 70%	458	84.2	8.8	3.1	1.2	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.1
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN	855	67.6	13.0	5.1	8.8	1.1	0.4	3.7	0.2
Lowest 30%	297	48.4	11.2	10.9	19.8	1.4	0.5	7.5	0.4
Highest 70%	558	77.9	13.9	2.1	3.0	1.0	0.3	1.8	0.1
XIII - Caraga	740	63.6	11.7	12.7	4.9	1.5	0.3	5.1	0.1
Lowest 30%	336	49.6	13.6	16.7	7.3	2.8	0.7	9.1	0.2
Highest 70%	403	75.3	10.1	9.4	3.0	0.5	-	1.7	-
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	453	78.8	6.0	3.5	2.2	0.9	1.8	6.3	0.6
Lowest 30%	218	67.9	9.0	3.8	3.8	1.3	2.8	10.3	1.1
Highest 70%	235	88.9	3.2	3.3	0.7	0.4	0.7	2.7	0.1

Note: "-" denotes zero count or less than 0.05 percent

Source: National Statistics Office, 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey

Table 4. Families by Tenure Status of the Housing Unit and Lot they Occupy, by Region and Income Stratum: 2007

Region and Income Stratum	Number of Families ('000)	Tenure Status of the Housing Unit and Lot (Percent Distribution)						
		Own house and lot and owner-like possession of house and lot	Rent house/room including lot	Own house, rent lot	Own house, rent-free lot with consent of owner	Own house, rent-free lot without consent of owner	Rent-free house and lot with consent of owner	Rent-free house and lot without consent of owner
Philippines	17,502	68.5	7.5	2.7	12.8	3.4	4.8	0.3
Lowest 30%	5,251	64.1	2.2	3.2	21.3	3.9	4.9	0.3
Highest 70%	12,251	70.4	9.7	2.4	9.1	3.1	4.8	0.4
National Capital Region	2,403	54.8	26.0	2.7	3.6	5.9	6.2	0.8
Lowest 30%	90	39.4	30.1	2.6	7.3	9.4	10.6	0.6
Highest 70%	2,312	55.4	25.8	2.7	3.4	5.7	6.1	0.9
Cordillera Administrative Region	309	87.2	7.1	0.6	0.8	0.1	4.1	0.1
Lowest 30%	95	92.5	2.5	0.6	1.3	-	2.9	0.2
Highest 70%	214	84.8	9.1	0.6	0.6	0.2	4.6	0.1
I - Ilocos	965	88.0	1.3	0.9	5.6	0.8	3.2	0.1
Lowest 30%	254	85.8	1.1	1.5	7.1	1.3	3.1	-
Highest 70%	712	88.8	1.4	0.6	5.1	0.7	3.3	0.1
II - Cagayan Valley	630	88.6	1.1	1.8	4.0	1.9	2.4	0.2
Lowest 30%	205	86.5	1.2	2.3	5.6	2.5	1.9	-
Highest 70%	425	89.5	1.1	1.6	3.3	1.6	2.6	0.2
III - Central Luzon	1,951	79.8	6.1	1.2	6.1	1.4	4.9	0.6
Lowest 30%	308	75.6	3.1	2.4	10.6	1.5	6.5	0.2
Highest 70%	1,643	80.6	6.6	1.0	5.2	1.4	4.6	0.6
IVA - CALABARZON	2,300	69.4	10.8	2.1	9.9	2.4	5.3	0.2
Lowest 30%	345	55.9	3.9	5.2	22.0	4.7	8.2	-
Highest 70%	1,954	71.7	12.0	1.6	7.8	2.0	4.7	0.2
IVB - MIMAROPA	560	73.9	2.7	1.0	16.3	1.4	4.4	0.2
Lowest 30%	269	70.9	1.9	1.1	19.9	1.6	4.4	0.3
Highest 70%	291	76.7	3.5	1.0	13.0	1.3	4.3	0.1
V - Bicol	1,029	62.3	2.0	3.5	23.7	3.1	5.0	0.4
Lowest 30%	476	53.2	1.2	4.1	30.9	4.2	5.4	0.9
Highest 70%	554	70.1	2.7	3.0	17.5	2.0	4.6	-
VI - Western Visayas	1,396	51.6	1.9	3.0	30.8	8.1	4.5	-
Lowest 30%	532	47.5	1.2	3.3	36.3	7.5	4.3	-
Highest 70%	865	54.1	2.4	2.9	27.5	8.5	4.5	0.1
VII - Central Visayas	1,098	66.8	4.5	5.0	17.3	2.8	3.4	0.3
Lowest 30%	399	62.6	1.5	3.2	25.5	2.9	3.7	0.6
Highest 70%	698	69.1	6.2	6.0	12.6	2.8	3.3	0.2
VIII - Eastern Visayas	831	66.4	1.8	4.9	20.1	2.3	4.4	-
Lowest 30%	407	61.1	1.0	4.7	25.8	2.6	4.8	-
Highest 70%	424	71.5	2.6	5.0	14.7	2.0	4.0	0.1
IX - Zamboanga Peninsula	634	71.5	2.0	2.4	18.3	2.3	3.3	0.2
Lowest 30%	337	67.8	1.0	1.5	23.5	2.8	3.3	0.2
Highest 70%	297	75.7	3.2	3.4	12.3	1.9	3.4	0.1
X - Northern Mindanao	808	64.4	4.7	2.6	17.7	3.4	6.7	0.5
Lowest 30%	350	56.4	2.1	3.5	25.6	4.1	7.9	0.3
Highest 70%	458	70.5	6.6	2.0	11.7	2.9	5.8	0.6
XI - Davao	855	70.0	6.8	3.2	10.3	2.1	7.4	0.3
Lowest 30%	297	66.6	3.3	2.9	15.2	4.1	7.7	0.2
Highest 70%	558	71.9	8.6	3.3	7.6	1.0	7.3	0.3
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN	740	70.0	3.6	3.3	13.4	3.8	5.5	0.4
Lowest 30%	336	68.0	2.4	3.7	16.1	4.2	5.0	0.6
Highest 70%	403	71.7	4.7	2.9	11.2	3.4	6.0	0.2
XIII - Caraga	453	52.3	2.1	8.2	24.3	7.6	5.1	0.4
Lowest 30%	218	45.1	1.5	8.3	31.0	9.1	4.5	0.5
Highest 70%	235	59.0	2.7	8.1	18.1	6.3	5.6	0.4
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	542	85.8	0.4	0.8	8.5	3.6	0.8	0.1
Lowest 30%	334	83.6	0.3	0.7	10.9	4.0	0.4	0.1
Highest 70%	208	89.5	0.5	0.8	4.7	2.9	1.4	0.1

Note: "-" denotes zero count or less than 0.05 percent

Source: National Statistics Office, 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey

Table 5. Families by Type of Construction Materials of the Roof of Building they Occupy, by Region and Income Stratum: 2007

Region and Income Stratum	Number of Families ('000)	Construction Materials of the Roof (Percent Distribution)						
		Strong materials	Light materials	Salvaged/makeshift materials	Mixed but predominantly strong materials	Mixed but predominantly light materials	Mixed but predominantly salvaged materials	Not applicable
Philippines	17,502	72.1	15.4	0.9	7.6	3.8	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	5,251	52.7	32.6	1.1	7.6	5.6	0.4	-
Highest 70%	12,251	80.4	8.0	0.7	7.7	3.0	0.2	-
National Capital Region	2,403	79.4	1.8	0.9	13.1	4.3	0.4	0.1
Lowest 30%	90	59.4	7.8	4.1	17.2	9.1	2.3	-
Highest 70%	2,312	80.2	1.5	0.8	12.9	4.1	0.3	0.1
Cordillera Administrative Region	309	92.2	5.2	0.4	2.1	0.1	-	-
Lowest 30%	95	84.9	10.7	0.8	3.4	0.2	-	-
Highest 70%	214	95.5	2.8	0.2	1.5	0.1	-	-
I - Ilocos	965	82.7	9.3	0.2	5.1	2.7	-	-
Lowest 30%	254	72.9	16.4	0.3	7.1	3.3	-	-
Highest 70%	712	86.2	6.8	0.2	4.4	2.4	-	-
II - Cagayan Valley	630	78.7	11.5	0.6	6.3	2.6	0.4	-
Lowest 30%	205	66.5	21.7	1.1	6.2	3.9	0.6	-
Highest 70%	425	84.5	6.5	0.3	6.4	2.0	0.3	-
III - Central Luzon	1,951	85.5	6.5	0.8	4.4	2.5	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	308	69.9	15.7	2.3	7.3	4.4	0.4	-
Highest 70%	1,643	88.4	4.8	0.5	3.9	2.1	0.3	-
IVA - CALABARZON	2,300	84.3	5.6	1.1	6.4	2.4	0.2	-
Lowest 30%	345	60.4	17.5	2.5	11.3	7.6	0.7	-
Highest 70%	1,954	88.6	3.5	0.8	5.5	1.4	0.1	-
IVB - MIMAROPA	560	52.7	31.9	0.6	9.0	5.4	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	269	36.8	46.4	1.0	9.1	6.0	0.7	-
Highest 70%	291	67.5	18.6	0.2	8.9	4.8	-	-
V - Bicol	1,029	55.7	31.2	2.0	6.7	3.9	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	476	38.3	47.0	1.6	7.1	5.4	0.6	-
Highest 70%	554	70.8	17.7	2.3	6.4	2.7	0.1	-
VI - Western Visayas	1,396	57.7	19.9	0.3	14.7	7.2	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	532	39.5	32.7	0.4	15.0	11.9	0.5	-
Highest 70%	865	68.8	12.0	0.3	14.5	4.3	0.1	-
VII - Central Visayas	1,098	69.9	15.6	0.6	7.6	5.8	0.5	-
Lowest 30%	399	62.2	24.7	0.8	4.9	6.9	0.5	-
Highest 70%	698	74.4	10.4	0.5	9.2	5.2	0.4	-
VIII - Eastern Visayas	831	58.3	30.6	0.6	6.8	3.6	0.1	-
Lowest 30%	407	43.4	41.4	0.4	8.9	5.9	0.1	-
Highest 70%	424	72.7	20.2	0.7	4.9	1.4	0.1	-
IX - Zamboanga Peninsula	634	51.1	37.4	0.2	7.0	4.2	0.1	-
Lowest 30%	337	38.9	51.4	0.2	5.3	3.9	0.2	-
Highest 70%	297	64.8	21.5	0.2	8.9	4.5	-	-
X - Northern Mindanao	808	69.2	14.3	1.1	8.3	6.7	0.5	-
Lowest 30%	350	62.3	22.2	1.2	7.0	6.8	0.5	-
Highest 70%	458	74.4	8.2	1.0	9.3	6.6	0.5	-
XI - Davao	855	76.6	16.4	0.3	3.2	3.1	0.2	-
Lowest 30%	297	58.2	33.7	0.4	3.0	4.1	0.5	0.1
Highest 70%	558	86.4	7.2	0.3	3.3	2.6	0.1	-
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN	740	63.7	23.1	2.1	7.0	4.1	-	-
Lowest 30%	336	51.1	34.7	2.4	6.6	5.2	-	-
Highest 70%	403	74.2	13.4	1.8	7.3	3.2	0.1	-
XIII - Caraga	453	59.2	34.6	0.4	3.5	2.4	-	-
Lowest 30%	218	45.0	49.0	0.3	3.4	2.2	-	-
Highest 70%	235	72.3	21.2	0.4	3.6	2.5	-	-
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	542	58.2	35.1	1.9	4.1	0.7	-	-
Lowest 30%	334	53.5	41.3	0.9	3.4	0.9	-	-
Highest 70%	208	65.7	25.3	3.5	5.2	0.3	-	-

Note: "-" denotes zero count or less than 0.05 percent

Source: National Statistics Office, 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey

Table 6. Families by Type of Construction Materials of the Outer Walls of Building they Occupy, by Region and Income Stratum: 2007

Region and Income Stratum	Number of Families ('000)	Construction Materials of the Outer Walls (Percent Distribution)						
		Strong materials	Light materials	Salvaged/makeshift materials	Mixed but predominantly strong materials	Mixed but predominantly light materials	Mixed but predominantly salvaged materials	Not applicable
Philippines	17,502	63.6	16.9	1.4	11.2	6.4	0.4	-
Lowest 30%	5,251	40.6	34.4	2.3	12.1	10.0	0.7	-
Highest 70%	12,251	73.5	9.4	1.1	10.8	4.9	0.2	-
National Capital Region	2,403	76.9	1.7	1.2	14.5	5.1	0.4	0.1
Lowest 30%	90	51.9	7.9	6.7	21.2	10.0	2.3	-
Highest 70%	2,312	77.9	1.5	1.0	14.3	4.9	0.4	0.1
Cordillera Administrative Region	309	89.3	6.9	0.5	3.0	0.2	-	-
Lowest 30%	95	80.0	13.9	0.6	5.2	0.2	-	-
Highest 70%	214	93.4	3.9	0.4	2.0	0.3	-	-
I - Ilocos	965	72.9	13.6	0.4	9.3	3.7	-	-
Lowest 30%	254	56.9	24.7	0.8	12.6	4.9	0.2	-
Highest 70%	712	78.6	9.7	0.2	8.2	3.3	-	-
II - Cagayan Valley	630	68.4	16.0	0.8	10.6	3.6	0.6	-
Lowest 30%	205	50.0	29.3	1.7	12.4	5.8	0.8	-
Highest 70%	425	77.3	9.6	0.3	9.7	2.6	0.4	-
III - Central Luzon	1,951	80.0	9.4	1.1	6.1	3.1	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	308	57.7	23.2	3.6	9.8	5.1	0.6	-
Highest 70%	1,643	84.2	6.8	0.7	5.4	2.7	0.2	-
IVA - CALABARZON	2,300	77.7	6.1	1.7	10.1	4.1	0.3	-
Lowest 30%	345	46.8	16.3	4.3	18.2	13.2	1.1	-
Highest 70%	1,954	83.2	4.3	1.2	8.7	2.5	0.1	-
IVB - MIMAROPA	560	41.6	36.6	1.6	13.4	6.4	0.4	-
Lowest 30%	269	25.1	50.3	2.6	14.3	6.8	0.8	-
Highest 70%	291	56.8	23.9	0.7	12.6	6.0	-	-
V - Bicol	1,029	53.7	24.9	3.0	10.3	7.5	0.6	-
Lowest 30%	476	35.6	39.0	2.7	11.5	10.0	1.1	-
Highest 70%	554	69.3	12.7	3.2	9.2	5.4	0.2	-
VI - Western Visayas	1,396	36.8	30.1	1.4	18.8	12.4	0.4	-
Lowest 30%	532	17.8	46.4	1.9	17.2	16.1	0.7	-
Highest 70%	865	48.6	20.1	1.0	19.9	10.2	0.2	-
VII - Central Visayas	1,098	53.9	19.7	1.6	13.5	10.7	0.6	-
Lowest 30%	399	39.5	31.3	2.1	12.3	14.1	0.7	-
Highest 70%	698	62.2	13.0	1.3	14.2	8.8	0.5	-
VIII - Eastern Visayas	831	54.4	29.2	1.5	9.4	5.3	0.2	-
Lowest 30%	407	37.9	41.6	1.6	10.0	8.7	0.2	-
Highest 70%	424	70.3	17.3	1.3	8.9	2.0	0.2	-
IX - Zamboanga Peninsula	634	46.9	32.3	1.9	9.0	9.7	0.2	-
Lowest 30%	337	32.6	45.4	2.7	8.0	11.0	0.3	-
Highest 70%	297	63.2	17.5	0.9	10.2	8.1	-	-
X - Northern Mindanao	808	59.6	12.0	1.5	13.6	12.6	0.7	-
Lowest 30%	350	52.2	16.7	1.9	13.9	14.6	0.7	-
Highest 70%	458	65.3	8.3	1.2	13.4	11.1	0.6	-
XI - Davao	855	54.9	25.4	2.3	9.2	7.8	0.4	-
Lowest 30%	297	31.5	47.4	2.6	6.6	10.6	1.3	0.1
Highest 70%	558	67.3	13.8	2.1	10.5	6.3	-	-
XII - SOCCSKSARGEN	740	43.1	30.5	2.2	13.4	10.3	0.5	-
Lowest 30%	336	27.8	42.8	2.7	12.2	13.9	0.7	-
Highest 70%	403	55.9	20.2	1.8	14.4	7.4	0.3	-
XIII - Caraga	453	70.3	14.1	0.5	8.7	6.3	0.2	-
Lowest 30%	218	63.2	17.8	0.6	10.7	7.4	0.2	-
Highest 70%	235	76.8	10.5	0.4	6.9	5.2	0.1	-
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	542	55.1	35.7	0.7	7.3	1.1	-	-
Lowest 30%	334	49.2	41.0	0.5	7.8	1.6	-	-
Highest 70%	208	64.6	27.4	0.9	6.6	0.5	-	-

Note: "-" denotes zero count or less than 0.05 percent

Source: National Statistics Office, 2007 Annual Poverty Indicators Survey