

Philippines

National Statistics Office, National Economic and Development Authority

2004 Vital Statistics Report on Deaths in the Philippines

Documentation Report

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Philippines (2004-2005) 2004 Vital Statistics Report on Deaths in the Philippines (VSD 2004)

Overview	
Type	Administrative Records, Other (ad/oth]
Identification	PHL-NSO-VSD-2004-V1.1
Version	Production Date: 2004-12-30 v1.1: Edited data, for internal use only.
Series	<p>The 2004 Vital Statistics Report on Deaths in the Philippines is derived from the Civil Registration System through the use of Decentralized Vital Statistics System (DVSS). The processing and controlling of administrative documents from January to December 2004 are done at the Local Civil Registrar's Office (LCRO) and at the National Statistics Office (NSO).</p> <p>The Municipal Form No. 103, revised January 1993 is the prescribed form used in the registration of marriages. This is also known as the "Certificate of Death".</p>
Abstract	
<p>Vital Statistics are derived from information obtained at the time when the occurrences of vital events and their characteristics are inscribed in the civil register. Vital acts and events like the 2004 deaths are recorded in the civil register at the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO). These administrative documents underwent processing, controlling, compilation and analysis.</p> <p>The 2004 Vital Statistics report on deaths provides information on the number and percent distribution of deaths recorded, the place and month of occurrence, crude death rate, daily average number of deaths, leading causes of registered deaths number of Infant deaths by age and sex, leading causes of infant deaths, maternal deaths and fetal deaths.</p> <p>Statistics generated from these data are used for planning and policy-making concerning health and population programs.</p>	
Kind of Data	Administrative records data [adm]
Unit of Analysis	Individual registered records

Scope & Coverage	
Scope	
2004 compilation of registered deaths in the Philippines.	
Keywords	Death, Place of Occurrence, Usual Residence, Crude Death Rate, Daily Average, Daily Index
Topics	morbidity and mortality [14.4]
Geographic Coverage	
National, regional, provincial, city/municipal	
Geographic Unit	
City/Municipality	
Universe	
All registered deaths for the reference year	

Producers & Sponsors	
Primary Investigator(s)	National Statistics Office, National Economic and Development Authority
Other Producer(s)	Local Civil Registrar's Office (LCRO) , Local Government Unit , Registration of Deaths
Funding Agency/ies	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Other Acknowledgment(s)	Municipal Civil Registrars Office and the other civil registration agents , Accomplishing, registering and submitting the document , Local Government Unit Regional and Provincial Office , Processing of the submitted documents , National Statistics Office

Sampling
Sampling Procedure Not applicable
Deviations from Sample Design Not applicable
Response Rate Not applicable
Weighting Not applicable

Data Collection	
Data Collection Dates	start 2004-01-01 end 2005-03-31
Time Period(s)	start 2004-01-01 end 2004-12-31
Data Collection Mode	Other [oth] Monthly reporting from NSO Provincial/Regional Offices

Data Collection Notes

The data collection was done using continuous process of registration as mandated in Act 3753 (i.e., all vital events that marked the entry and departure of a person in his lifetime and the changes in his/her civil status shall be registered).

The place of registration is the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO) of the city or municipality where the death of an individual occurred. The registered death documents will then undergo processing at the NSO Provincial Offices and NSO Central Office.

Below is the timetable of activities at the Provincial Offices.

ACTIVITY TIMETABLE

1. Receipt and Control - within a month after the reference month
2. Screening and sorting - within a month after the reference month
3. Batching/labeling - within a month after the reference month
4. Coding/checking of codes - within a month after the reference month
5. Data entry - on the 3rd up to the 5th week following the reference month
6. Completeness Check - on the 3rd up to the 5th week following the reference month
7. Data Editing - on the 3rd up to the 5th week following the reference month
- 7.1 Manual Editing

- 7.2 Machine Updating
- 8. Record Listing - on the 3rd up to the 5th week following the reference month
- 9. Certification Pass Report - on the 3rd up to the 5th week following the reference month
- 10. Tabulation - on the 5th Transmittal to Central Office

Questionnaires

The form used to gather the required information is the Municipal Form No. 103 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Death

Data Collector(s)	Local Civil Registrars (LCRO) , LGU
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Data Processing & Appraisal**Data Editing**

Data processing are done at the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO) and the National Statistics Office (NSO). Data editing/verification and quality control were done at various stages:

1. Registration of Deaths

1.1 The City/Municipal Civil Registrars (C/MCRs) are responsible on the proper and complete registration of deaths.

1.2 The hospitals, clinics, rural health units and similar institutions including barangay secretaries, practicing physicians are required to assist in the reporting of deaths at the LCROs

2. Processing

2.1 The Vital Statistics Division (VSD) of the Civil Registration Department (CRD) at the NSO is responsible for the processing of the registered deaths documents. These includes editing and coding, structure checking and completeness check. Secondary editing is also done during the process.

Other Processing

Data were processed through the use of Decentralized Vital Statistics System (DVSS).

Estimates of Sampling Error

Not applicable

Accessibility

Access Authority	Director III (NSO) , crd_staff@census.gov.ph
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Contact(s)	Chief, Vital Statistics Division (NSO) , DVSS2K@census.gov.ph
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2. Not to use any technique in an attempt to learn the identity of any person, establishment, or sampling unit not identified in the dataset.
3. To hold in strictest confidence the identification of any establishment or individual that may be inadvertently revealed in any documents or discussion, or analysis. Such inadvertent identification revealed in her/his analysis will be immediately be reported to the NSO.

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Files Description

Dataset contains 1 file(s)

# Cases	403191
# Variable(s)	37
File Content The file contains data derived from the information of Municipal Form 103 (Certificate of Death)	
Producer National Statistics Office-Vital Statistics Division	

Variables List

Dataset contains 37 variable(s)

File							
#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	PROVMUNCOD	Province and Municipality	discrete	character-5	403191	0	-
2	REGNO	Registry Number	discrete	character-12	403191	0	-
3	DMONTH	Month of Death	discrete	character-2	403191	0	-
4	DDAY	Day of Death	discrete	character-2	403191	0	-
5	DYEAR	Year of Death	discrete	character-4	403191	0	-
6	PTYPE	Place type of Death	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
7	POCCURENCE	Place of occurrence	discrete	character-7	403191	0	-
8	REGMONTH	Registration Month	discrete	character-2	403191	0	-
9	REGDAY	Registration Day	discrete	character-2	403191	0	-
10	REGYEAR	Registration Year	discrete	character-4	403191	0	-
11	REGSTATUS	Registration Status	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
12	CDISP	Corpse Disposal	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
13	AUTOPSY	Autopsy	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
14	SEX	Sex	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
15	AGE	Age	discrete	numeric-3.0	403191	0	-
16	RELIGION	Religion	discrete	character-2	403191	0	-
17	NATIONALITY	Nationality	discrete	character-2	403191	0	-
18	URES	Usual Residence	discrete	character-7	403191	0	-
19	OCC	Occupation	discrete	character-3	403191	0	-
20	CSTAT	Civil Status	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
21	CAUSE3	Underlying cause of Death	discrete	character-3	403191	0	-
22	MANNER	Manner of Death	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
23	ATTENDANCE	Attendant of Death	discrete	numeric-1.0	403191	0	-
24	MAGE	Mother's Age	discrete	numeric-2.0	403191	0	-
25	DMETHOD	Method of Delivery	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
26	PREG	Length Pregnancy	discrete	numeric-2.0	403191	0	-
27	BTYPE	Type of Birth	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
28	MULBIRTH	Multiple Birth	discrete	character-1	403191	0	-
29	INFCOND	Infant Condition	discrete	character-4	403191	0	-
30	MATCOND	Maternal Condition	discrete	character-4	403191	0	-
31	BMONTH	Birth Month	discrete	numeric-2.0	403191	0	-
32	BDAY	Birth Day	discrete	numeric-2.0	403191	0	-
33	BYEAR	Birth Year	discrete	character-4	403191	0	-
34	HAJNAME	Hijra Name	discrete	character-15	858	0	-
35	HIJRAHMONTH	Hijra Month	discrete	character-2	849	0	-
36	HIJRAHDAY	Hijra Day	discrete	character-2	158	0	-

File							
#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
37	HIJRAHYEAR	Hijra Year	discrete	character-4	157	0	-

Variables Description

Dataset contains 37 variable(s)

File			
#1 PROVNUMCODE: Province and Municipality			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	This is usually the place of occurrence of death and was coded base on the Philippine Standard Geographic Code (PSGC). This is located at the upper left portion of the document identifies the geographic location where the death is to be registered.		
#2 REGNO: Registry Number			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Is a sequential number indicating the order by which the document for registration is entered in the appropriate registry book found at the upper right portion of the form.		
#3 DMONTH: Month of Death			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Month when the death occurred		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	January	35593	8.8%
02	February	31201	7.7%
03	March	32673	8.1%
04	April	32331	8.0%
05	May	32957	8.2%
06	June	32247	8.0%
07	July	34501	8.6%
08	August	35483	8.8%
09	September	33520	8.3%
10	October	34728	8.6%
11	November	33240	8.2%
12	December	34717	8.6%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#4 DDAY: Day of Death			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	day date when the death occurred		
<i>Frequency table not shown (33 Modalities)</i>			
#5 DYEAR: Year of Death			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Year when the death occurred		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
2004		403191	100.0%

File			
#5 DYEAR: Year of Death			
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#6 PTYPE: Place type of Death			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
*		1653	0.4%
1	ptype	130638	32.4%
2		262178	65.0%
3		8722	2.2%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#7 POCCURENCE: Place of occurence			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Information on place of death (Region, province and municipality). this is necessary to determine if the document was registered in the proper place and if the document was approved by the authorized public health officer.		
#8 REGMONTH: Regsitrarion Month			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Registration month of the death. This determined whether the death was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	January	37690	9.3%
02	Februay	30277	7.5%
03	March	34640	8.6%
04	April	32333	8.0%
05	May	31757	7.9%
06	June	32136	8.0%
07	July	34457	8.5%
08	August	35760	8.9%
09	September	34059	8.4%
10	October	33245	8.2%
11	November	33034	8.2%
12	December	33803	8.4%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#9 REGDAY: Registration Day			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Registration day of the death. This determined whether the death was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.		
<i>Frequency table not shown (34 Modalities)</i>			

File			
#10 REGYEAR: Registration Year			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Registration year of the death. This determined whether the death was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
2004	2004	394623	97.9%
2005	2005	8568	2.1%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#11 REGSTATUS: Registration Status			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Registration status: Timely and late. Timely means the document is registered within the reglamentary period of 30 days, otherwise, late.		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Timely	395271	98.0%
2	Late	7920	2.0%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#12 CDISP: Corpse Disposal			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Corpse Disposal refers to the manner by which the body is disposed, whether by cremation, burial or others.		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
***	Not Stated	0	0.0%
*		2625	0.7%
1	Burial	395865	98.2%
2	Cremation	4466	1.1%
3	Others	235	0.1%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#13 AUTOPSY: Autopsy			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	This item is important in determining the immediate and underlying causes especially if cause of death is due to external causes or cause of death cannot be determined.		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
***	Not Stated	0	0.0%
*		1040	0.3%
1	Yes	5883	1.5%
2	No	396268	98.3%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#14 SEX: Sex			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		

File			
#14 SEX: Sex			
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Male	237751	59.0%
2	Female	165440	41.0%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#15 AGE: Age			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-299] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
Definition		This information is used to study age-specific mortality differentials for planning and evaluation of public health programs.	
<i>Frequency table not shown (140 Modalities)</i>			
#16 RELIGION: Religion			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
Definition		Is a common beliefs and practices generally held by a group of people. This item is used to determine the incidence of deaths by religion	
<i>Frequency table not shown (86 Modalities)</i>			
#17 NATIONALITY: Nationality			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
<i>Frequency table not shown (102 Modalities)</i>			
#18 URES: Usual Residence			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
Definition		Usual residence refers to the place where the death habitually resides at the time of death. Mortality data by residence are used with population data to compute death rates that are important in environmental studies. Data on deaths by place of residence of the deceased are also used to prepare population estimates.	
#19 OCC: Occupation			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
Definition		Occupation refers to the type of work or activity that the deceased was mostly engaged in prior to death or confinement to an institution. This is useful in studying occupation-related mortality and in identifying job-related deaths by age-group.	
<i>Frequency table not shown (342 Modalities)</i>			
#20 CSTAT: Civil Status			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
Definition		Civil Status refers to the legal status of a contracting party with reference to the marriage laws or customs of his/ her country. This information is used in determining differences in mortality by civil status. The classification of civil status is defined as follows: Single - a person who has never been married or whose marriage has been annulled/nullified through a court decree and is therefore free to re-marry.	

File

#20 CSTAT: Civil Status

Married - a person who has been legally married. A person classified as "married" includes one who re-married after having been widowed, or divorced, or whose marriage has been annulled/nullified.

Widow/Widower - a married person whose spouse died and who has not re-married. Presumed widow/widower is considered widow/widower.

Divorced - a person who has been divorced from previous marriage through talaq, tafwid or court order including ICCs/IPs marriage dissolved.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
**	Not Stated	0	0.0%
*		1670	0.4%
1	Single	103668	25.7%
2	Married	202496	50.2%
3	Widower, or	94737	23.5%
4	Divorced	620	0.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#21 CAUSE3: Underlying cause of Death

Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Definition

Cause of Death is the most important statistical and research item on the death certificate. It provides medical information that serves as basis for describing trends in human health and mortality and for analyzing the conditions leading to death. Mortality statistics provide the basis for medical studies that focus on leading causes of death by age and sex and also provide a basis for research in the study of diseases and diagnostic techniques.

The required items for entry/entries of cause/s of infant death aged 0-7 days are as follows:

- "a. Main disease/condition of infant"
- "b. Other diseases/condition of infant"
- "c. Main maternal disease/condition affecting infant"
- "d. Other maternal disease/condition affecting infant"
- "e. Other relevant circumstances"

Write the diseases or conditions of the infant, with the single main disease in line "a." and the rest, if any, in line "b." The main disease or condition refers to the pathological condition which, in the opinion of the attendant at death or health officer, contributed the greatest to the death of the infant.

Most likely categories for lines "a." and "b." are certain conditions related to pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium and/or congenital anomalies.

Examples of perinatal conditions that cause the death of an infant are categories under disorders related to length of gestation and fetal growth, birth injuries, respiratory and cardiovascular disorders and others like "slow fetal growth and fetal malnutrition", "intracranial laceration", and "neonatal aspiration".

In line "c." and "d." the certifier should write all diseases or conditions of the mother which in his/her opinion had some adverse effect on the infant. Again, the main disease should be entered in line "c." and the other, if any in line "d."

Most likely categories would be those maternal factors and complications of pregnancy, labour and delivery. Some examples are "maternal blood loss", "maternal death", "contracted pelvis" and "ectopic pregnancy".

Line "e." is provided for reporting of any circumstances which the certifier consider to have a bearing on the death but which cannot be described as a disease or condition of the infant or mother, e.g. delivery in the absence of attendant.

Entries such as "heart failure", "asphyxia", "anoxia", are not acceptable in line "a." unless it was the only infant condition known.

File			
#21 CAUSE3: Underlying cause of Death			
	Write in line "a." the main disease/condition of the infant causing his/her death. Write in line "b." if there is any other disease/condition. Write in line "c." the maternal disease/condition which greatly affected the infant's death Write in line "d." if there is any other maternal disease/condition. Write in line "e." any other relevant circumstances that have a bearing on the death but cannot be described as a disease or condition of the infant or mother.		
<i>Frequency table not shown (309 Modalities)</i>			
#22 MANNER: Manner of Death			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
**	Not Stated	0	0.0%
*		712	0.2%
+	Not Applicable	368735	91.5%
1	Homicide	9887	2.5%
2	Suicide	1530	0.4%
3	Accident	13150	3.3%
4	Others	9177	2.3%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#23 ATTENDANCE: Attendant of Death			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Refers to a medical doctor or any other allied health care providers who provided medical attendance to the decease.		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Private Physician	19834	4.9%
2	Public Health Officer	2556	0.6%
3	Hospital Authority	118981	29.5%
4	None	261263	64.8%
5	Others	254	0.1%
6	Not Stated	303	0.1%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#24 MAGE: Mother's Age			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= -2-99] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Age of mother refers to the age of mother at the time of death. It is an important factor in the study of childbearing and pregnancy outcome.		
<i>Frequency table not shown (48 Modalities)</i>			
#25 DMETHOD: Method of Delivery			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Method of delivery is used to establish the trend in obstetric practice and to determine which age-group of women are likely to have caesarian delivery. Classification between normal and surgical procedures to identify the method of delivery are given below:		

File**#25 DMETHOD: Method of Delivery**

1. Cephalic vaginal delivery with abnormal presentation of head at delivery, without instrument, with or without manifestation;
2. Forceps, low application, without manipulation like forceps delivery not otherwise specified;
3. Other forceps delivery such as forceps with manipulation, high forceps and mid forceps;
4. Vacuum extraction which includes ventouse;
5. Breech delivery, spontaneous, assisted or unspecified like partial breech extraction;
6. Breech extraction including not otherwise specified and total and version with breech extraction;
7. Elective caesarian section like caesarian section before, or at onset of labor;
8. Other and unspecified caesarian section; and
9. Other and unspecified method of delivery that includes application of weight to leg in breech delivery, destructive operation to facilitate delivery and other surgical or instrumental delivery.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
**	Not Stated	0	0.0%
*		1369	0.3%
+	Not Applicable	392511	97.4%
1	Normal Spontaneous Vertex, or	7655	1.9%
2	Others	1656	0.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#26 PREG: Lenght Pregnancy

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= -2-99] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	This gives an information on the effect of the gestational age on the weight, maturity and health condition of the fetus.

Frequency table not shown (42 Modalities)

#27 BTYPE: Type of Birth

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	This variables shows whether the birth is single, twin, triplets, etc.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
**	Not Stated	0	0.0%
*		286	0.1%
+	Not Applicable	392446	97.3%
1	Single	10151	2.5%
2	Twin, or	301	0.1%
3	Triplet, etc.	7	0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 MULBIRTH: Multiple Birth

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File			
#28 MULBIRTH: Multiple Birth			
Definition	<p>This variable is filtered from the variable "Type of Birth" If multiple birth specify the order in which the child was born, i.e., "first", "second", "third", etc., as the case may be.</p> <p>The occurrence of multiple births is related to the age of the mother and birth order. Survival differences related to order of delivery exist in multiple births.</p> <p>Remember that for multiple birth cases resulting to death, each infant death should have separate death certificates.</p>		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
**	Not Stated	0	0.0%
*		1093	0.3%
+	Not Applicable	401846	99.7%
1	First	117	0.0%
2	Second, and	132	0.0%
3	Others	3	0.0%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#29 INFCOND: Infant Condition			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	asd		
<i>Frequency table not shown (628 Modalities)</i>			
#30 MATCOND: Maternal Condition			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	<p>This item is used to improve the quality of maternal mortality data and provide alternative methods of collecting data on deaths during pregnancy or related to it, as well as to encourage the recording of deaths from obstetric cause occurring more than 42 days following termination of pregnancy.</p> <p>This is to be filled up if the deceased is a female aged 15-49 years old. This item will help determine the maternal condition of the deceased. This will compare the percentages of dying among a) pregnant, not in labour; b) pregnant, in labour; c) less than 42 days; d) 42 days to one year after delivery; or e) none of the choices for the maternal condition at the time of death.</p>		
<i>Frequency table not shown (231 Modalities)</i>			
#31 BMONTH: Birth Month			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-12] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	00	392502	97.3%
1	January	936	0.2%
2	February	831	0.2%
3	March	838	0.2%
4	April	796	0.2%
5	May	893	0.2%
6	June	878	0.2%
7	July	988	0.2%
8	August	1053	0.3%

File			
#31 BMONTH: Birth Month			
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9	September	963	0.2%
10	October	1005	0.2%
11	November	803	0.2%
12	December	692	0.2%
99	99	13	0.0%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#32 BDAY: Birth Day			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-31] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
<i>Frequency table not shown (37 Modalities)</i>			
#33 BYEAR: Birth Year			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=403191 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0000		392502	97.3%
0040		3	0.0%
0400		1	0.0%
1964		1	0.0%
1969		1	0.0%
1972		6	0.0%
1976		1	0.0%
1979		1	0.0%
1984		2	0.0%
2000		5	0.0%
2001		4	0.0%
2002		3	0.0%
2003		35	0.0%
2004		10607	2.6%
2005		5	0.0%
2040		1	0.0%
9999		13	0.0%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			
#34 HAJNAME: Hijra Name			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=858 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
<i>Frequency table not shown (165 Modalities)</i>			
#35 HIJRAHMONTH: Hijra Month			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=849 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
<i>Frequency table not shown (40 Modalities)</i>			

File			
#36 HIJRAHDAY: Hijra Day			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=158 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
<i>Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)</i>			
#37 HIJRAHYEAR: Hijra Year			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=157 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0000		1	0.6%
03		1	0.6%
04		68	43.3%
2004		83	52.9%
5		1	0.6%
5 MU		1	0.6%
L 10		1	0.6%
Y		1	0.6%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>			

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