

Philippines

National Statistics Office

2008 Producer Price Survey for Manufacturing

November 25, 2010

Metadata Production

Metadata Producer(s)	Ma. Thelma G. Lofranco (TGL) , National Statistics Office , Documenter Dulce A. Regala (DAR) , National Statistics Office , Reviewer
Production Date	June 22, 2010
Version	Version 1.0 (March 2010)
Identification	DDI-PHL-NSO-PPS-2008-v1.0

This document was generated using the [IHSN Microdata Management Toolkit](#)

Table of Contents

Overview.....	1
Scope & Coverage.....	2
Producers & Sponsors.....	2
Sampling.....	2
Data Collection.....	4
Data Processing & Appraisal.....	5
Accessibility.....	6
Rights & Disclaimer.....	7
Files Description.....	8
2008 PPI (2000=100).....	8
Variables List.....	9
2008 PPI (2000=100).....	9
Variables Description.....	11
2008 PPI (2000=100).....	11
Documentation.....	18

Philippines (2008-2009)

2008 Producer Price Survey for Manufacturing (PPS 2008)

Overview	
Type	Establishment Survey [en/oth]
Identification	PHL-NSO-PPI-2008-v1.0
Version	Production Date: 2009-10 v 2.1: Edited dataset, for public use
Series	<p>In 1980, studies on the generation of the producer price index (PPI) started when the Index of Physical Volume of Production series being generated by the then Central Bank of the Philippines (now Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas) was discontinued. This came about because of the transfer of responsibility of operations and processing of the Monthly Survey of Establishments (MSE) for manufacturing from the Central Bank to the National Census and Statistics Office (now the National Statistics Office- NSO). earliest version of the MISSI is entitled as SKEM (Survey of Key Enterprises in Manufacturing), which had its inception in 1981 as a project of the National Accounts Staff of National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA). Initially, indicators/indices generated by the SKEM had 1981 as the base period. In 1986, the responsibility for the SKEM was transferred to the National Census and Statistics Office (now the National Statistics Office-NSO).</p> <p>Work on the original PPI started with 1978 as the base year and was later revised to 1985. The source of data for the PPI was the then Monthly Survey of Establishments (MSE) for Manufacturing. The MSE has a rider questionnaire, which asked for data on production of major products of the sample establishments. However, the PPI were never released as official statistics. It was later felt that the components of the PPI were no longer reflective of the prevailing production structure of the manufacturing sector that the PPI operations were halted.</p> <p>In 1992-1993, the compilation of the PPI with 1992 as the base year was revived in a project "Improvement of the Producer Price Index of Selected Manufactured Products" through the Grants-in-Aid Program of the National Statistical Coordination Board (NSCB). The NSO with guidance from the Technical Committee on Price Statistics of NSCB worked for further improvements to the PPI to make it more reflective of the actual situation of the manufacturing sector. The conduct of the Producer Price Survey started in 1992 as the source of data for the PPI. Starting with this new base year, the PPI was officially released simultaneous with the SKEM indicators. (The SKEM was later renamed to MIISI).</p> <p>In 2001, the NSO released the rebased series of the PPI with 1994 as the new base year. The 1992 - based series continued on until December 2001 and was discontinued the year after. The 1994-based series had January 1998 as its earliest series.</p> <p>In 2005, Rebasing of PPI series to base year 2000 started and it was in August 2007 when this new base period was released in parallel with the 1994-based series. The 2000-based series had January 2001 as its earliest series. Beginning January 2008, the 1994-based series was discontinued.</p>

Abstract

The National Statistics Office generates various establishment based price indices and one of these is the Producers Price Index.

The 2008 PPI (2000=100) is generated from the results of the Producer Price Survey conducted monthly by the NSO. This is done through the collection of actual producer prices from sample establishments nationwide. The PPS uses a shuttle type questionnaire which provides the respondent establishments with a running account

of all monthly responses for the year. For 2008, the survey covered 595 sample products produced by 309 manufacturing establishments.

The Producer Price Index (PPI) for Manufacturing is a composite figure of producers prices of representative commodities included in the market basket. The market basket consists of the commodities produced by manufacturing establishments in the country. The PPI serves various purposes, the most important of which are the following:

- a. measures monthly or yearly changes in the producers prices of key commodities in the manufacturing sector
- b. serves as deflator to Value of Production Index (VAPI) in the estimation of Volume of Production Index (VOPI)
- c. serves as deflator in the estimation of manufacturing production in real terms (at constant prices) in the system of national accounts.

The PPI is computed using the Paasche-type method of index computation . As such, the weights are continuously revised upon availability of the latest data from the annual survey or census. In the case of 2008 PPI, the weights are taken from the 2005 Annual Survey of Philippine Business and Industry (ASPBI). The revision of weights , are however instituted at the beginning of each year and are used for the entire year.

Kind of Data	Sample survey data [ssd]
Unit of Analysis	The unit of analysis for this survey is the establishment. An establishment is defined as an economic unit under a single ownership or control, i.e., under a single legal entity, engaged in one or predominantly one kind of economic activity at a single fixed location.

Scope & Coverage

Scope

The 2008 PPS covers manufacturing establishments with average total employment of 20 and over. The following items of data are gathered from the respondent establishment:

- I. Name of product/s
- II. Brand Name
- III. Product Specification
- IV. Unit of Measure
- V. Producer price/s of selected products

Geographic Coverage

The geographic domain is the whole country.

Universe

Manufacturing establishments with total employment of 20 and over

Producers & Sponsors

Primary Investigator(s)	National Statistics Office
Funding Agency/ies	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Other Acknowledgment(s)	National Statistical Coordination Board , Review and clearance

Sampling

Sampling Procedure

The 2008 PPS is a non-probability sampling survey of the manufacturing sector. Sample establishments and commodities were selected using the following criteria:

- a. the commodity has a relatively high market share

- b. the commodity was available in the market in 2000, this being the base year
- c. the commodity is being produced currently, and
- d. the market share of the commodity has been stable for the last 3 years

In the same manner, criteria were also set for the selection of establishments, as follows:

- a. establishment has an ATE of 50 and over
- b. establishment has relatively high concentration ratio
- c. establishment is good respondent in past and current surveys of NSO; that is, it submits prompt reports and provides quality data
- d. preferably, the establishment is a sample of the MISSI.

The 2008 PPS utilizes the 3-digit and selected 4-digit amended 1994 PSIC as its industry domain which is patterned after ISIC version 3.

Thus, there are 20 major sectors with 10 further categorized into sub-sectors or a total of 37 sub-sectors for the 2008 MISSI. These are:

- 1. Food Manufacturing
 - 1.1. Processed meat and fish
 - 1.2. Processed fruits and vegetables
 - 1.3. Vegetable and animal oils and fats
 - 1.4. Milk and dairy products
 - 1.5. Grain mills products
 - 1.6. Animal feeds
 - 1.7. Bakery products
 - 1.8. Milled and refined sugar
 - 1.9. Coconut products
 - 1.10. Miscellaneous foods
- 2. Beverages
- 3. Tobacco products
- 4. Textiles
 - 4.1. Textile products
 - 4.2. Cordage, rope and twine
- 5. Footwear and wearing apparel
- 6. Leather products
- 7. Wood and wood products
 - 7.1. Planning and sawmill
 - 7.2. Veneer and plywood
 - 7.3. Other wood products
- 8. Paper and paper products
- 9. Publishing and printing
- 10. Petroleum products
 - 10.1. Refined petroleum products
 - 10.2. Coke and other fuel products
- 11. Chemical products
 - 11.1. Basic Chemicals and industrial gases
 - 11.2. Fertilizers
 - 11.3. Paints
 - 11.4. Drugs and medicines
 - 11.5. Cosmetics and toilet preparations
 - 11.6. Miscellaneous Chemicals
- 12. Rubber and plastic products
 - 12.1. Rubber products
 - 12.2. Plastic products

- 13. Non-metallic mineral products
 - 13.1. Glass and glass products
 - 13.2. Cement
 - 13.3. Miscellaneous non-metallic mineral products
- 14. basic metals
 - 14.1. Iron and steel
 - 14.2. Non-ferrous metals
- 15. Fabricated metal products
- 16. Machinery except electrical
 - 16.1. Office,accounting and computing machinery
 - 16.2. Machinery and equipment n.e.c.
- 17. Electrical machinery
 - 17.1. Electrical appliances
 - 17.2. Wires and wirings
 - 17.3. Batteries
 - 17.4. Lamps and fixtures
 - 17.5. Microcircuits
- 18. Transport equipment
- 19. Furnitures and fixtures
- 20. Miscellaneous Manufactures

Indicators generated from 2008 PPS (2000=100) are the following:

1. Producer Price Index (PPI), yearly and monthly growth rates

Imputation methods used for unit and item non-response are as follows:

1. Historical imputation without trend adjustment, or the use of the latest available data of the establishment
2. Imputed values are revised upon receipt of actual data for inclusion in the revised indices

Response Rate

The average monthly response rate is 88.84%, 35 days (preliminary tabulation) after the reference month and 95 % for the final table.

Weighting

The weight is 1 for establishment that falls within the upper 50 percent of total value of production.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

January round: start 2008-02-15
 January round: end 2008-03-14
 February round: start 2008-03-16
 February round: end 2008-04-14
 March round: start 2008-04-15
 March round: end 2008-05-14
 April round: start 2008-05-15
 April round: end 2008-06-13
 May round: start 2008-06-16
 May round: end 2008-07-15
 June round: start 2008-07-16
 June round: end 2008-08-15
 July round: start 2008-08-15
 July round: end 2008-09-15
 August round: start 2008-09-16
 August round: end 2008-10-15
 September round: start 2008-10-16
 September round: end 2008-11-15

	October round: start 2008-11-16 October round: end 2008-12-15 November round: start 2008-12-16 November round: end 2009-01-15 December round: start 2009-01-16 December round: end 2009-02-15
Data Collection Mode	Self-Administered Questionnaire and/or Face-to-face interview
Data Collection Notes Collection of PPS questionnaires is done every 15th day to 30th day after each reference month.	
Questionnaires The PPS undergoes a clearance process by the National Statistical Coordination Board (NSCB). It utilizes a shuttle type questionnaire with NSCB approval number and expiration date. For the 2008 PPS, the NSCB approval number is NSO-0714-01 with expiration date of March 2009. The field offices distribute the questionnaires at the beginning of the year and collects the data on a monthly basis.	
Data Collector(s)	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Supervision The distribution and collection of questionnaires is under the supervision of the Provincial and Regional Offices.	

Data Processing & Appraisal

Data Editing

It is important to verify the reasonableness and reliability of the prices of products included in the market basket for a given month. Data editing consisted of three stages: field editing, office verification and machine validation.

- Field editing of data was done by the provincial staff upon collection of the accomplished questionnaires from the establishments. The objective is to check for completeness and consistency of entries in the questionnaires. Any inconsistent or missing data was corrected at this stage as this can be immediately verified from the respondents.
- Office verification was done by provincial office staff upon receipt of the accomplished questionnaires from the field men. In some instances, callback to the establishments in the form of phone call or email to verify some inconsistent or missing data is done.
- Desk verification was done by the ISD staff to check the consistency and reasonableness of entries in the accomplished questionnaires. This process also validates the status of establishments such as non-responding and reported closed, cannot be located, transferred, and out of scope. The telephone was extensively utilized to verify information from the establishment's contact person. The Internet was also used to obtain information on the contact address and to research for information on the status of the establishment.

.For unit or item non-response, the following are undertaken:

1. Establishments that stopped operation, temporary out of business (TOB), strike, etc., during the year, historical imputation without trend adjustment or the use of the latest available data of the establishment. This method is appropriate for the reason that the prices of a number of products/commodities do not change very much over a short period of time.
2. Imputed values are revised upon receipt of actual data for inclusion in the revised indices.

Other Processing

the 2008 PPS utilizes the simple formulas and macros of microsoft office excel in the compilation of 2008 PPI data series. Tabulation is done using the same spreadsheet software. The Paasche method of index computation is applied to generate the Producers Price Index .

Estimates of Sampling Error

Not applicable.

Other Forms of Data Appraisal

The quality of the PPI indicators are measured in terms of the following:

- > Representativeness of the samples as measured in the CONCENTRATION RATIO- the combined production value of the samples as a percentage to the total industry production value
- > Response rate of the survey
- > Imputation method used for non-responses

Accessibility

Access Authority	Industrial Statistics Division (ISD) (National Statistics Office) , www.census.gov.ph , mfgstaff@census.gov.ph
Contact(s)	Administrator (National Statistics Office) , www.census.gov.ph , C.Ericta@census.gov.ph Industry and Trade Statistics Department (ITSD) (National Statistics Office) , www.census.gov.ph , E.Deguzman@census.gov.ph

Confidentiality

Data collected for the Producers Price Survey are confidential under Section 4 of Commonwealth Act No. 591, which says that the "Data furnished to the Bureau of Census and Statistics (BCS) now known as the National Statistics Office (NSO), by an individual, corporation, partnership, institution or business enterprise shall not be used as evidence in any court or in any public office either as evidence against the individual, corporation, association, partnership, institution, or business enterprise from whom such data emanates; nor shall such data or information be divulged to any person except authorized employees of the BCS acting in the performance of their duties; nor shall such data be published except in the form of summaries or statistical tables in which no reference to an individual, corporation, association, partnership, institution or business enterprise shall appear."

Access Conditions

Authorization to use this data in the form of statistical tables is granted only to the client or data user and persons within its organization, if applicable. Under no circumstances shall the client reproduce, distribute, sell or lend the entire data or parts thereof to any other data user apart from himself or that of authorized employees in his organization. The NSO shall hold the data user fully responsible for safeguarding the data from any unauthorized access or use.

Before being granted access to the dataset, all users have to formally agree:

1. To make no copies of any files or portions of files to which s/he is granted access except those authorized by the NSO.
2. Not to use any technique in an attempt to learn the identity of any person, establishment, or sampling unit not identified in the dataset.
3. To hold in strictest confidence the identification of any establishment or individual that may be inadvertently revealed in any documents or discussion, or analysis. Such inadvertent identification revealed in her/his analysis will be immediately reported to the NSO.

Citation Requirements

Any report, paper or similar articles, whether published or not, emanating from the use of this data shall give appropriate acknowledgement as suggested herein, "2008 Producers Price Survey, National Statistics Office, Manila, Philippines", as the source of basic data. The data user or client is encouraged to provide NSO with a copy of such report, paper or article. It is understood that unless expressly allowed by the client, such report, paper or article shall not be used for any purpose other than monitoring.

Rights & Disclaimer**Disclaimer**

The NSO gives no warranty that the data are free from errors. Hence, the NSO shall not be held responsible for any loss or damage as a result of the client's manipulation or tabulation of the data.

Copyright

The data user acknowledges that any available intellectual property rights, including copyright in the data are owned by the National Statistics Office.

Files Description

Dataset contains 1 file(s)

2008 PPI (2000=100)	
# Cases	0
# Variable(s)	33
<u>File Content</u> The dataset contains datafile from the 2008 Producers Price Survey. It also includes the weights of 20 major and 10 sub-sectors groupings.	
<u>Producer</u> National Statistics Office	
<u>Version</u> NA	

Variables List

Dataset contains 33 variable(s)

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)							
#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	ECN	Establishment Control Number	discrete	numeric-14.0	0	0	-
2	REG	Region Code	discrete	character-2	0	0	-
3	PRV	Province Code	continuous	numeric-2.0	0	0	-
4	MUN	Municipality Code	continuous	numeric-2.0	0	0	-
5	SZ	Employment Size	discrete	numeric-1.0	0	0	-
6	LO	Legal Organization	discrete	numeric-1.0	0	0	-
7	EO	Economic Organization	discrete	numeric-1.0	0	0	-
8	IND	Industry Code	continuous	numeric-5.0	0	0	-
9	Product_1	Product 1	discrete	character-15	0	0	name of product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
10	Brand_1	Brand Name	discrete	character-10	0	0	brand name of Product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
11	Specification_1	Specifications	discrete	character-10	0	0	Specification of Product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
12	Measurement_1	Unit of Measure	discrete	character-6	0	0	Unit of measure of Product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
13	PPR_1	Actual Producer Price	continuous	numeric-10.0	0	0	monthly actual producers price of product 1(determined by the establishment)
14	Product_2	Product Name	discrete	character-15	0	0	product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
15	Brand_2	Brand Name	discrete	character-10	0	0	Brand name of Product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
16	Specification_2	Specifications	discrete	character-10	0	0	specification of product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
17	Measurement_2	Unit of Measure	discrete	character-5	0	0	Unit of measure of Product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
18	PPR_2	Actual Producer Price	continuous	numeric-10.0	0	0	monthly actual producers price of product 2 (determined by sample establishment)
19	Product_3	Product Name	discrete	character-15	0	0	product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
20	Brand_3	Brand Name	discrete	character-10	0	0	Brand name of Product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
21	Specification_3	Specifications	discrete	character-10	0	0	Specification of Product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)							
#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
22	Measurement_3	Unit of Measure	discrete	character-5	0	0	Unit of measure of Product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
23	PPR_3	Actual Producer Price	continuous	numeric-10.0	0	0	monthly actual producers price of product 3 (determined by the establishment)
24	Product_4	Product Name	discrete	character-15	0	0	product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
25	Brand_4	Brand Name	discrete	character-10	-	-	Brand name of Product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
26	Specification_4	Specifications	discrete	character-10	0	0	Specification of Product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
27	Measurement_4	Unit of Measure	discrete	character-5	0	0	Unit of measure of Product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
28	PPR_4	Actual Producer Price	discrete	numeric-10.0	0	0	monthly actual producers price of product 4 (determined by the establishment)
29	Product_5	Product Name	discrete	character-15	0	0	product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
30	Brand_5	Brand Name	discrete	character-10	0	0	Brand name of Product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
31	Specification_5	Specifications	discrete	character-10	0	0	Specification of Product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
32	Measurement_5	Unit of Measure	discrete	character-5	0	0	Unit of measure of Product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
33	PPR_5	Actual Producer Price	discrete	numeric-10.0	0	0	monthly actual producers price of product 5 (determined by the establishment)

Variables Description

Dataset contains 33 variable(s)

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)	
#1 ECN: Establishment Control Number	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-14] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	<p>The Establishment control number (ECN) is a permanent identification number assigned to an establishment. It consists of 14 alpha-numeric characters.</p> <p>Establishment is the unit of analysis for this survey. An establishment is defined as an economic unit under a single ownership or control, i.e., under a single legal entity, engaged in one or predominantly one kind of economic activity at a single fixed location.</p>
#2 REG: Region Code	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Region code (REG) is a two-digit geographic code in accordance with the Philippine Standard Geographic Classification (PSGC) representing the 17 regions of the country.
#3 PRV: Province Code	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-96] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Province code (PRV) is a two-digit geographic code in accordance with the Philippine Standard Geographic Classification (PSGC) representing the 80 provinces of the country.
#4 MUN: Municipality Code	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-96] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Municipality code (MUN) is a two-digit geographic code in accordance with the Philippine Standard Geographic Classification (PSGC).
#5 SZ: Employment Size	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-9] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Employment size (SZ) is the size of an establishment determined by its total employment.
#6 LO: Legal Organization	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	<p>The Legal Organization (LO) is found in the addressed stub of the establishment. It refers to the legal form of the economic entity which owns the establishment. The types of legal organization are single proprietorship, partnership, government corporation, other private corporation, cooperative, and other legal organizations such as associations, foundations, non-government organizations (NGOs), etc.</p> <p>Single proprietorship (LO Code 1) refers to a form of legal or business organization organized, owned, and managed by one person, who alone assumes the risk of the business enterprise.</p> <p>Partnership (LO Code 2) refers to an association of two or more individuals for the conduct of a business enterprise based upon an agreement or contract between or among them to contribute money, property or industry into a common fund with the intention of dividing profits among themselves.</p> <p>Government corporation (LO Code 3) is a private corporation organized for private aim, benefit or purpose and owned or controlled by the government.</p> <p>Private corporation (LO Code 4) refers to a corporation organized by private persons.</p>

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)

#6 LO: Legal Organization

	<p>Cooperative (LO Code 5) is an organization composed primarily of small producers and/or consumers who voluntarily join together to form a business enterprise which they themselves own, control and patronize.</p> <p>Others (LO Code 6) is a private association, foundation, non-government organization or other forms of legal organization not classified in any of the above.</p>
--	---

#7 EO: Economic Organization

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-5] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	<p>The Economic Organization (EO) is found in the addressed stub of the establishment. It relates to the organizational structure or role of the establishment in the organization. An establishment may be classified according to its economic organization, that is, whether an establishment is a single establishment, a branch, an establishment and main office, a main office only, or an ancillary unit.</p> <p>Single establishment (EO Code 1) is one which has no branch or main office.</p> <p>Branch (EO Code 2) is an establishment with main office located elsewhere.</p> <p>Establishment and main office (EO Code 3) is one which is both located in the same address and with branch/es elsewhere.</p> <p>Main office (EO Code 4) is an ancillary unit which controls, supervises and directs one or more establishments of an enterprise.</p> <p>Ancillary unit (EO Code 5) is an economic unit that operates primarily or exclusively for a related establishment or group of establishments and produces goods or services that support but do not become part of the output of those establishments. Examples of ancillary units are warehouses, garages, and repair shops of transport establishments, research laboratories, or electric power plants of a movie house or of a factory which primarily serve their parent units. To be classified also under this category are extension stores of retail stores in markets.</p> <p>Ancillary units, although listed and included in the LE, are excluded from the frame of the census.</p>

#8 IND: Industry Code

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-5] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The Industry code (IND) is found in the addressed stub of the establishment. This is a six-alpha numeric code of the main activity of the establishment in accordance with the ammended 1994 Philippine Standard Industrial Classifications (PSIC)

#9 Product_1: Product 1

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	These are goods normally intended for sale in the market at a price that is designed to cover their cost of production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	name of product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#10 Brand_1: Brand Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A name identifying a product including its manufacturer.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	brand name of Product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)

#11 Specification_1: Specifications

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A written statement of an item's required characteristics documented in a manner that facilitates its procurement or production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Specification of Product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#12 Measurement_1: Unit of Measure

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A standard unit or system of units by which a quantity is accounted for and expressed. Examples are: meter, kilograms, gram, metric ton, troy ounce and others.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Unit of measure of Product 1 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#13 PPR_1: Actual Producer Price

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99900] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	this is the unit price (ex-plant) of a product or commodity as it leaves the establishment of the producer. It includes any indirect tax or subsidy levied/received on the product before it leaves the establishment.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	monthly actual producers price of product 1(determined by the establishment)
Imputation	In case of item and unit non-response, PPS follows the procedure: 1. Historical imputation without trend adjustment, or the use of the latest available data of the establishment 2. Imputed values are revised upon receipt of actual data for inclusion in the revised indices

#14 Product_2: Product Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	These are goods normally intended for sale in the market at a price that is designed to cover their cost of production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#15 Brand_2: Brand Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A name identifying a product including its manufacturer.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Brand name of Product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#16 Specification_2: Specifications

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A written statement of an item's required characteristics documented in a manner that facilitates its procurement or production.

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)

#16 Specification_2: Specifications

Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	specification of product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#17 Measurement_2: Unit of Measure

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A standard unit or system of units by which a quantity is accounted for and expressed. Examples are: meter, kilograms, gram, metric ton, troy ounce and others.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Unit of measure of Product 2 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#18 PPR_2: Actual Producer Price

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9999999990] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	this is the unit price (ex-plant) of a product or commodity as it leaves the establishment of the producer. It includes any indirect tax or subsidy levied/received on the product before it leaves the establishment.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	monthly actual producers price of product 2 (determined by sample establishment)
Imputation	In case of item and unit non-response, PPS follows the procedure: 1. Historical imputation without trend adjustment, or the use of the latest available data of the establishment 2. Imputed values are revised upon receipt of actual data for inclusion in the revised indices

#19 Product_3: Product Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	These are goods normally intended for sale in the market at a price that is designed to cover their cost of production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#20 Brand_3: Brand Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A name identifying a product including its manufacturer.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Brand name of Product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#21 Specification_3: Specifications

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A written statement of an item's required characteristics documented in a manner that facilitates its procurement or production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Specification of Product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)

#22 Measurement_3: Unit of Measure

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A standard unit or system of units by which a quantity is accounted for and expressed. Examples are: meter, kilograms, gram, metric ton, troy ounce and others.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Unit of measure of Product 3 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#23 PPR_3: Actual Producer Price

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9999999990] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	this is the unit price (ex-plant) of a product or commodity as it leaves the establishment of the producer. It includes any indirect tax or subsidy levied/received on the product before it leaves the establishment.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	monthly actual producers price of product 3 (determined by the establishment)
Imputation	In case of item and unit non-response, PPS follows the procedure: 1. Historical imputation without trend adjustment, or the use of the latest available data of the establishment 2. Imputed values are revised upon receipt of actual data for inclusion in the revised indices

#24 Product_4: Product Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	These are goods normally intended for sale in the market at a price that is designed to cover their cost of production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#25 Brand_4: Brand Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Definition	A name identifying a product including its manufacturer.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Brand name of Product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#26 Specification_4: Specifications

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A written statement of an item's required characteristics documented in a manner that facilitates its procurement or production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Specification of Product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#27 Measurement_4: Unit of Measure

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A standard unit or system of units by which a quantity is accounted for and expressed. Examples are: meter, kilograms, gram, metric ton, troy ounce and others.
Source	respondent establishment

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)

#27 Measurement_4: Unit of Measure

Literal question	Unit of measure of Product 4 (pre-determined by sample establishment)
#28 PPR_4: Actual Producer Price	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	this is the unit price (ex-plant) of a product or commodity as it leaves the establishment of the producer. It includes any indirect tax or subsidy levied/received on the product before it leaves the establishment.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	monthly actual producers price of product 4 (determined by the establishment)
Imputation	In case of item and unit non-response, PPS follows the procedure: 1. Historical imputation without trend adjustment, or the use of the latest available data of the establishment 2. Imputed values are revised upon receipt of actual data for inclusion in the revised indices

#29 Product_5: Product Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	These are goods normally intended for sale in the market at a price that is designed to cover their cost of production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#30 Brand_5: Brand Name

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A name identifying a product including its manufacturer.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Brand name of Product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#31 Specification_5: Specifications

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A written statement of an item's required characteristics documented in a manner that facilitates its procurement or production.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Specification of Product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#32 Measurement_5: Unit of Measure

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	A standard unit or system of units by which a quantity is accounted for and expressed. Examples are: meter, kilograms, gram, metric ton, troy ounce and others.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	Unit of measure of Product 5 (pre-determined by sample establishment)

#33 PPR_5: Actual Producer Price

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
--------------------	---

File 2008 PPI (2000=100)

#33 PPR_5: Actual Producer Price

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	this is the unit price (ex-plant) of a product or commodity as it leaves the establishment of the producer. It includes any indirect tax or subsidy levied/received on the product before it leaves the establishment.
Source	respondent establishment
Literal question	monthly actual producers price of product 5 (determined by the establishment)
Imputation	In case of item and unit non-response, PPS follows the procedure: 1. Historical imputation without trend adjustment, or the use of the latest available data of the establishment 2. Imputed values are revised upon receipt of actual

Documentation

Reports and analytical documents.....	18
Monthly Integrated Survey of Selected Industries 2007-2008 (2000=100) ; This publication includes Table 5 Producers Price Index, Year-on-Year and Month-on-Month Growth Rates for Manufacturing Sector: January 2007 - December 2008.....	18
2008 PPS.....	18
Questionnaires.....	18
2008 Producers Price Survey (PPS).....	18
Other documents.....	19
Comparison of the MISSI and PPI Classification with the Ammended 1994 PSIC.....	19
2008PPS_COMMODITYSHEET.....	19

Reports and analytical documents

Monthly Integrated Survey of Selected Industries 2007-2008 (2000=100) ; This publication includes Table 5 Producers Price Index, Year-on-Year and Month-on-Month Growth Rates for Manufacturing Sector: January 2007 - December 2008, National Statistics Office (NSO) Industry and Trade Statistics Department (ITSD) Industrial Statistics Division (ISD) Manufacturing Section, October 2009, Philippines [phl], English [eng], "Dissemination\MISSI 2007-2008 (2000=100).pdf"

Description

The Monthly Integrated Survey of Selected Industries (MISSI) 2007-2008, is the seventh of the annual publication of both MISSI and Producer Price Survey (PPS).

Abstract

The Monthly Integrated Survey of Selected Industries (MISSI) 2007-2008, is the seventh publication edition of the annual series published by the National Statistics Office (NSO). This edition features the final results of the MISSI and the Producer Price Survey (PPS), both of which are monthly undertaking of NSO. Both surveys are envisioned to provide flash indicators on the performance of growth-oriented industries in manufacturing.

Part I features the highlights of the 2000-based MISSI and PPI, which include indices on the value and volume of production, growth rates of the value and volume of net sales, capacity utilization, producer price index and response rates for the year 2007-2008.

Part II includes the Technical Notes on the methods used in the computation of the 2000-based indices.

Part III consists of statistical tables for the 2000-based MISSI and PPS indicators by major sectors and sub-sectors of the manufacturing industry for the years 2007-2008.

As part of our continuing effort to give our data users timely information, monthly results are disseminated as press releases at the NSO website: www.census.gov.ph, 55 days after each reference month.

2008 PPS, National Statistics Office (NSO) Industry and Trade Statistics Department (ITSD) Industrial Statistics Division (ISD) Manufacturing Section, Philippines [phl], English [eng], "Dissemination(PPS)\2008 PPS.pdf"

Questionnaires

2008 Producers Price Survey (PPS), National Statistics Office (NSO) Industry and Trade Statistics Department (ITSD) Industrial Statistics Division (ISD), January 2007, Philippines [phl], English [eng], "preparatory phase\PPS 2008 Questionnaire.pdf"

Description

The 2008 Producers Price Survey utilizes the 2008 PPS Form 1 questionnaire with NSCB Approval NO.

NSO-0714-01 and expiration dated: March 2009

Table of Contents

Data Items

1. Name of products
2. Brand name
3. Product specification

4. Unit of measure
5. Actual producers prices of selected products

Other documents

Comparison of the MISSI and PPI Classification with the Ammended 1994 PSIC, National Statistics Office (NSO) Industry and Trade Statistics Department (ITSD) Industrial Statistics Division (ISD) Manufacturing Section, Philippines [phl], English [eng], "preparatory phase\MISSI_1994 PSIC.pdf"

Description

Comparison of the MISSI and PPI Classification with the 1994 Ammended PSIC

2008PPS_COMMODITYSHEET, National Statistics Office (NSO) Industry and Trade Statistics Department (ITSD) Industrial Statistics Division (ISD) Manufacturing Section, Philippines [phl], English [eng], "preparatory phase (PPS)\2008PPS_COMMODITYSHEET.pdf"

Description

The 2008PPS_COMMODITYSHEET is the working sheet used in the computation of the Producers Price Index.

Abstract

The 2008PPS_COMMODITY SHEET is in tabular format that contains the name of products, brand name, specification and unit of measure disaggregated into four-digit industry code.