

# Philippines - Vital Statistics Report 2011-2012, Vital Statistics Report for 2011-2012 (Births, Marriages, and Deaths)

**Philippine Statistics Authority - National Economic and Development Authority**

Report generated on: October 10, 2018

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## Overview

### Identification

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#### ID NUMBER

PHL-NSO-VSR-2011\_2012-v1

### Version

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#### VERSION DESCRIPTION

Version 2.0: Final dataset for official estimates

#### PRODUCTION DATE

2014-06-07

#### NOTES

The data included records on births, deaths and marriages submitted by the Local Civil Registry Offices to the PSA until March of the year following reference year.

## Overview

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#### ABSTRACT

Vital events refer to the births, marriages, deaths, fetal deaths, and all such events that have something to do with an individual's entrance and departure from life together with the changes in civil status that may have occurred to a person during his lifetime. Vital Statistics are derived from information obtained at the time when the occurrences of vital events and their characteristics are inscribed in the civil register. Vital acts and events are recorded in the civil register at the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO) and in foreign Philippine embassies. These administrative documents underwent processing, controlling, compilation and analysis. Statistics presented however, were not adjusted for under registration. The data and statistics presented will be of assistance to planners, policy makers, program managers and researchers in monitoring, evaluating and developing demographic and socio-economic programmes.

Each vital events is registered in the office of the Local Civil Registrar (LCR) of the place where the event occurred and a copy of the entries made in the preceding month is sent to the office of the Civil Registrar-General within the first ten days of each month for filing and compilation purposes.

The basis of the registration of vital events in the Philippines is Act No. 3753, otherwise known as the Civil Registry Law of 1930 that mandates that all vital events that marked the entry and departure of a person in his lifetime and the changes in his/her civil status shall be registered. The registration method is defined as the continuous, permanent and compulsory recording of the occurrences and characteristics of vital events, primarily for their value as legal documents and secondly for their usefulness as a source of statistics.

- Under Commonwealth Act (CA) No. 591, the Bureau of Census and Statistics (BCS) that was created on 19 August 1940

- Presidential Decree No. 418 was issued on 20 March 1974 reconstituted the BCS into a new agency known as the National Census and Statistics Office (NCSO) under the administrative

supervision of the National Economic Development Authority (NEDA)

- In 1987, by virtue of Executive Order No.121 entitled "Reorganizing and Strengthening the Philippine Statistics System and for Other Purposes," the NCSO as renamed National Statistics

Office (NSO) was placed under the Office of the President.

- Executive Order No. 149 dated 28 December 1993 was issued by the Office of the President entitled "Streamlining of the Office of the President." By virtue of this order, the NSO was

placed under the administrative supervision of the NEDA for effective policy and program coordination and integration.

- However, the reorganization of the Philippine Statistical System has put the NSO as one of the offices that composed the newly established Philippine Statistics Authority under Philippine

Statistical Act of 2013 (Republic Act No.10625) on 12 September 2013.

Under RA 10625, the National Statistician, being the head of the Philippine Statistics Authority is also the Civil Registrar General (CRG) who provides overall directions in the implementation of the Civil Registry Law and related issuances, and exercises technical supervision over the Local Civil Registrars. The CRG, in this regard, is empowered to issue implementing rules and regulations on civil registration and to prepare for and order the printing of necessary forms for proper compliance.

The Civil Registration Service maintains an Archive of registered vital documents on the civil status of persons. The repository of all civil registry documents is the source of all certifications issued to the public for legal and other purposes.

Vital registration is a continuous process. Hence, there is a need to establish certain cut-off period. The data presented are vital events that occurred from 2011 to 2012 but received from the LCR from January 2011 to March 2013. Events occurring in 2012 but were registered beyond March 2013 were no longer included in the generation of 2012 VSR. However, an addendum to this report has included those beyond the cut off dates of events from 2011 up to 2012 which included events that have been registered late.

The Vital Statistics Report 2011-2012 provides information on the number and percent distribution of births, marriages and deaths recorded, the place and month of occurrence, crude rates, daily average and daily indices of birth, marriages and deaths. The report also includes other information on birth such as age of mother, birth order and attendant at birth; on marriage such as age distribution and nationality of brides and grooms and type of ceremony; on death such as infant and maternal deaths.

#### Scope and Coverage

This VSR includes data compiled from the reports submitted to and received by the National Statistics Office (NSO) for the period 2011-2012 on registered births, marriages and deaths from all City and Municipal Registrars of the country, from Philippine Courts which included the Shari'ah Circuit Courts on decided court cases involving civil registration and from the Department of Foreign Affairs on all registered vital events with Philippine foreign embassies involving Filipino nationals living abroad.

The rationale in the publication of the VSR involving past data series is an attempt to fast track the updating of the vital statistics data to more current levels to provide important information in the civil status of persons as well as the generation of demographic and health indicators that may help in the assessment of health/social services enjoyed by the population. The new data series will also provide national and local executives on the level of registration of vital events at the city/municipality level as a means of monitoring the implementation of the civil registration system.

#### KIND OF DATA

Administrative records data [adm]

#### UNITS OF ANALYSIS

Individual Records

## Scope

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#### NOTES

Compilation of the registered event of births, marriages and deaths in the Philippines that occurred in 2011 and 2012.

Certificate of Live Birth gathers following information:

- information about the child
- information about the mother
- information about the father

- other data and information about the occurrence of the birth

Certificate of Marriage gathers following information:

- place of registration
- information about husband and wife
- information about the marriage
- other data and information about the marriage

Certificate of Death gathers following information:

- place of registration
- information about the deceased
- for ages 0 to 7 days
- for ages 8 days and over
- other data and information about the death

#### TOPICS

Topic	Vocabulary	URI
Population and migration	Philippine Statistics Authority	
Health	Philippine Statistics Authority	

## Coverage

#### GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

National, regional, provincial, city and municipal levels

#### UNIVERSE

The VSR 2011-2012 on births, marriages and deaths covered all events that occurred from 2011 to 2012 but received from the Local Civil Registry from January 2011 to March 2013. Events occurring in 2012 but were registered beyond March 2013 were no longer included in the generation of VSR.

## Producers and Sponsors

#### PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
Philippine Statistics Authority	National Economic and Development Authority

#### OTHER PRODUCER(S)

Name	Affiliation	Role
Local Civil Registry Office	Local Government Units	Registration of births, marriages and deaths

#### FUNDING

Name	Abbreviation	Role
Government of the Philippines	GOP	Full funding

OTHER ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Name	Affiliation	Role
UNISYS	Public-Private Partnership	System Developer

## Metadata Production

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METADATA PRODUCED BY

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
Vital Statistics Division	VSD	Philippine Statistics Authority	Documenter

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION

2018-07-30

DDI DOCUMENT VERSION

Version 1.0: First metadata documentation of VSR 2011\_2012

DDI DOCUMENT ID

DDI-PHL-PSA-VSR-2011\_2012-v1

## Sampling

No content available

# Questionnaires

## Overview

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The forms used to collect the required information on births, marriages and deaths are Municipal Form No. 102 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Live Birth, Municipal Form No. 97 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Marriage, Municipal Form No. 103 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Death, Municipal Form No. 103A (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Fetal Death, and Municipal Form No. 101 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Foundling.

## Data Collection

### Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
2011-01-01	2012-01-30	events occurring in 2011
2012-01-01	2013-01-30	events occurring in 2012

### Time Periods

Start	End	Cycle
2011-01-01		Events occurring in 2011
2012-01-01		Events occurring in 2012

### Data Collection Mode

Other [oth]

### Data Collection Notes

The data collection was done through a registration method/system as mandated in Act No. 3753 (i.e., all vital events that marked the entry and departure of a person in his lifetime and the changes in his/her civil status shall be registered).

The place of registration is the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO) of the city or municipality where the vital events occurred. The 2011 -2012 data on births, marriages and deaths included records submitted by the Local Civil Registry Offices to the PSA until March of the year following the reference year.

### Questionnaires

The forms used to collect the required information on births, marriages and deaths are Municipal Form No. 102 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Live Birth, Municipal Form No. 97 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Marriage, Municipal Form No. 103 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Death, Municipal Form No. 103A (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Fetal Death, and Municipal Form No. 101 (Revised 1993) or the Certificate of Foundling.

### Data Collectors

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation
Local Civil Registry Offices	LCROs	Local Government Units



## Data Processing

### Data Editing

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The Vital Statistics Division (VSD) of the Civil Registration Service (CRS) at the PSA is responsible for the processing of the registered birth, marriage and death documents. Data editing/verification and quality control were done in the various stages of Vital Statistics Processing System. Included in the processing are completeness check, certification pass, edit list, and record list.

### Other Processing

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Data were processed through the use of Decentralized Vital Statistics System (DVSS) 2K for events that were recorded in the old formatted forms including the foreign events or events happened in foreign countries (birth, marriage, death). In addition, the use of Decentralized Vital Statistics System (DVSS) 2011 for events that were recorded in the new formatted forms.

## Data Appraisal

No content available

## File Description

## **Variable List**

## Births\_2011-2012

Content	The Certificate of Live Birth (Municipal Form No. 102, Revised January 1993) is the prescribed form used for the declaration of facts and circumstances surrounding the birth of a person for purposes of registration. FOR THE LIVE BIRTHS OCCURRED IN THE YEAR 2011-2012 Place of Registration, Place of Occurrence of Birth, Residence of the Mother, Date of Birth, Date of Registration, Registration Status, Birth Weight, Birth Order, Multiple Birth, and Sex; Details about the Father of the child (Nationality, Age, Religion); Details about the Mother of the child (Nationality, Age, Religion); OTHER DATA AND INFORMATION: Date and Place of Marriage of the Parents, Attendant at Birth, Type of Birth, Legitimation Status of the Child, Birth History of the Mother of the Child, Date (Hijrah Date) of Birth of the Child for MUSLIM, Ethnicity of the Parents of the IP Child.
Cases	0
Variable(s)	41
Structure	Type: Keys: ()
Version	
Producer	Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA)
Missing Data	

## Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V506	REGPROV	Place of Registration (Province)	discrete	numeric	Province
V507	REGMUN	Place of Registration (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	City/Municipality
V517	CTRYCODE	Place of Birth (Country)	discrete	numeric	
V508	REGCODE	Place of Birth (Region)	discrete	numeric	
V509	PROVCODE	Place of Birth (Province)	discrete	numeric	PLACE OF BIRTH
V510	MUNCODE	Place of Birth (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	PLACE OF BIRTH
V532	RCTRY	Residence of Mother (Country)	discrete	numeric	
V511	RREG	Residence of Mother (Region)	discrete	numeric	
V512	RPROV	Residence of Mother (Province)	discrete	numeric	RESIDENCE (Province)
V513	RMUN	Residence of Mother (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	RESIDENCE (City/Municipality)
V514	BMONTH	Date of Birth (Month)	discrete	numeric	DATE OF BIRTH (month)
V515	BDAY	Date of Birth (Day)	discrete	numeric	DATE OF BIRTH (day)
V516	BYEAR	Date of Birth (Year)	discrete	numeric	DATE OF BIRTH (year)
V518	REGMONTH	Date of Registration (Month)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V519	REGDAY	Date of Registration (Day)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V520	REGYEAR	Day of Registration (Year)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V521	REGSTAT	Registration Status	discrete	numeric	
V522	BWEIGHT	Birth Weight	contin	numeric	d. WEIGHT AT BIRTH
V523	BORDER	Birth Order	discrete	numeric	c. BIRTH ORDER
V534	BTYPE	Type of Birth	discrete	numeric	TYPE OF BIRTH
V524	MULBIRTH	Multiple Birth	discrete	numeric	b. IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V525	SEX	Sex	discrete	numeric	SEX
V526	FNAT	Father's Nationality	discrete	numeric	CITIZENSHIP
V699	FAGE	Father's Age	contin	numeric	Age at the time of this birth:
V528	FREL	Father's Religion	discrete	numeric	RELIGION
V529	MNAT	Mother's Nationality	discrete	numeric	CITIZENSHIP
V530	MAGE	Mother's Age	contin	numeric	Age at the time of this birth:
V531	MREL	Mother's Religion	discrete	numeric	RELIGION
V533	ATTENDANT	Attendant at Birth	discrete	numeric	ATTENDANT
V535	CSTATUS	Child Status	discrete	numeric	
V536	MCTRY	Place of Marriage (Country)	discrete	numeric	DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS
V537	MPROV	Place of Marriage (Province)	discrete	numeric	DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS
V538	MMUN	Place of Marriage (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS
V539	MARRMONTH	Date of Marriage (Month)	discrete	numeric	DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS
V540	MARRDAY	Date of Marriage (Day)	discrete	numeric	DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS
V541	MARRYEAR	Date of Marriage (Year)	discrete	numeric	DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS
V542	TALIVE	Total No. of Children Born Alive	contin	numeric	Total number of children born alive:
V543	TLIVING	Total No. of Children Still Living	contin	numeric	No. of children still living including this birth:
V544	TDEAD	Total No. of Children Now Dead	contin	numeric	No. of children born alive but are now dead:
V548	EFATHER	Ethnic Affiliation of Father	discrete	numeric	ETHNICITY OF THE FATHER
V549	EMOTHER	Ethnic Affiliation of Mother	discrete	numeric	ETHNICITY OF THE MOTHER

## Marriages\_2011-2012

Content	The Certificate of Marriage (Municipal Form No. 97, Revised January 1993) is used to record information pertaining to the marriage of the contracting parties. It contains information regarding the groom and the bride. All information pertaining to the groom shall be entered under the column "Husband" while those for the bride under the column "Wife". Marriage is defined as a special contract of permanent union between a man and a woman entered into in accordance with law for the establishment of conjugal and family life. It is the foundation of the family and an inviolable social institution whose nature, consequences, and incidence are governed by law and not subject to stipulation, except that marriage settlements may fix the property relations during the marriage within the limits provided in the Family Code of the Philippines. FOR THE MARRIAGES OCCURRED IN THE YEAR 2011-2012 Place of Registration, Place of Occurrence of Marriage, Date of Marriage, Date of Registration, Registration Status, and Type of Ceremony; Details about the Groom (Age, Nationality/Citizenship, Usual Residence, Place of Birth, Religion, Civil Status); Details about the Bride (Age, Nationality/Citizenship, Usual Residence, Place of Birth, Religion, Civil Status); OTHER DATA AND INFORMATION: Date (Hijrah Date) of Marriage, and Marriage Order(Wife and Husband) for MUSLIM.
Cases	0
Variable(s)	33
Structure	Type: Keys: ()
Version	
Producer	Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA)
Missing Data	

## Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V550	REGPROV	Place of Registration (Province)	discrete	numeric	Province
V551	REGMUN	Place of Registration (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	City/Municipality
V552	REGCODE	Place of Marriage (Region)	discrete	numeric	
V553	PROVCODE	Place of Marriage (Province)	discrete	numeric	Place of Marriage (Office of the/House of/ Barangay of/ Church of/ Mosque of)
V554	MUNCODE	Place of Marriage (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	Place of Marriage (Office of the/House of/ Barangay of/ Church of/ Mosque of)
V555	MARRMONTH	Date of Marriage (Month)	discrete	numeric	Date (month)
V556	MARRDAY	Date of Marriage (Day)	discrete	numeric	Date (day)
V557	MARRYEAR	Date of Marriage (Year)	discrete	numeric	Date (year)
V558	REGMONTH	Date of Registration (Month)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V559	REGDAY	Date of Registration (Day)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V560	REGYEAR	Date of Registration (Year)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V561	REGSTAT	Registration Status	discrete	numeric	
V562	CEREMONY	Type of Ceremony	discrete	numeric	Religious Affiliation, Registration No. and Expiration Date, if applicable
V563	GAGE	Groom's Age	contin	numeric	Date of Birth/Age
V564	GNATION	Groom's Nationality	discrete	numeric	Citizenship

<b>ID</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Label</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Format</b>	<b>Question</b>
V565	GRES	Groom's Residence (Country)	discrete	numeric	Residence
V566	GRES	Groom's Residence (Province)	discrete	numeric	Residence
V567	GRESM	Groom's Residence (City/Municipal)	discrete	numeric	Residence
V568	GBPLACE	Groom's Birth Place (Country)	discrete	numeric	Place of Birth
V569	GBPLACEP	Groom's Birth Place (Province)	discrete	numeric	Place of Birth
V570	GBPLACEM	Groom's Birth Place (City/Municipal)	discrete	numeric	Place of Birth
V571	GREL	Groom's Religion	discrete	numeric	Religion
V572	GSTATUS	Groom's Civil Status	discrete	numeric	Civil Status
V573	BAGE	Bride's Age	contin	numeric	Date of Birth/Age
V574	BNATION	Bride's Nationality	discrete	numeric	Citizenship
V575	BRES	Bride's Residence (Country)	discrete	numeric	Residence
V576	BRESP	Bride's Residence (Province)	discrete	numeric	Residence
V577	BRESM	Bride's Residence (City/Municipal)	discrete	numeric	Residence
V578	BBPLACE	Bride's Birth Place (Country)	discrete	numeric	Place of Birth
V579	BBPLACEP	Bride's Birth Place (Province)	discrete	numeric	Place of Birth
V580	BBPLACEM	Bride's Birth Place (City/Municipal)	discrete	numeric	Place of Birth
V581	BREL	Bride's Religion	discrete	numeric	Religion
V582	BSTATUS	Bride's Civil Status	discrete	numeric	Civil Status



## Deaths of 2011-2012

Content	The Certificate of Death (Municipal Form No. 103, Revised January 1993) is a record of vital information on the identity of the deceased. Death refers to the permanent disappearance of all evidence of life at any time after live birth has taken place (postnatal cessation of vital functions without capability of resuscitation). FOR THE DEATHS OCCURRED IN THE YEAR 2011-2012 Place of Registration, Place of Occurrence of Death, Date of Death, Date of Registration, Registration Status, Sex, Age, Religion, Nationality/Citizenship, Residence of the Deceased, Civil Status, and Manner of Death; Details about Dead Children Aged 0 to 7 Days (Age of Mother, Method of Delivery, Length of Pregnancy, Type of Birth, Multiple Birth); OTHER DATA AND INFORMATION: Date (Hijrah Date) of Death for MUSLIM.
Cases	0
Variable(s)	29
Structure	Type: Keys: ()
Version	
Producer	Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA)
Missing Data	

## Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V628	REGPROV	Place of Registration (Province)	discrete	numeric	Province
V629	REGMUN	Place of Registration (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	City/Municipality
V630	DMONTH	Date of Death (Month)	discrete	numeric	DATE OF DEATH (month)
V631	DDAY	Date of Death (Day)	discrete	numeric	DATE OF DEATH (day)
V632	DYEAR	Date of Death (Year)	discrete	numeric	DATE OF DEATH (year)
V633	CTRYCODE	Place of Death (Country)	discrete	numeric	
V634	REGCODE	Place of Death (Region)	discrete	numeric	
V635	PROVCODE	Place of Death (Province)	discrete	numeric	PLACE OF DEATH (Province)
V636	MUNCODE	Place of Death (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	PLACE OF DEATH (City/Municipality)
V637	REGMONTH	Date of Registration (Month)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V638	REGDAY	Date of Registration (Day)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V639	REGYEAR	Date of Registration (Year)	discrete	numeric	RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)
V640	REGSTATUS	Registration Status	discrete	numeric	
V641	SEX	Sex	discrete	numeric	SEX
V642	AGE	Age	contin	numeric	AGE a. 1 YEAR OR ABOVE b. UNDER 1 YEAR c. UNDER 1 DAY
V643	RELIGION	Religion	discrete	numeric	RELIGION
V644	NATIONALITY	Nationality	discrete	numeric	CITIZENSHIP
V645	RCTRY	Residence of Deceased (Country)	discrete	numeric	
V646	RREG	Residence of Deceased (Region)	discrete	numeric	
V647	RPROV	Residence of Deceased (Province)	discrete	numeric	RESIDENCE (Province)

<b>ID</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Label</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Format</b>	<b>Question</b>
V648	RMUN	Residence of Deceased (City/Municipality)	discrete	numeric	RESIDENCE (City/Municipality)
V650	CSTAT	Civil Status	discrete	numeric	CIVIL STATUS
V651	MANNER	Manner of Death	discrete	numeric	DEATH BY NON- NATURAL CAUSES a. Manner of Death
V652	ATTENDANCE	Attendant at Death	discrete	numeric	ATTENDANT
V653	MAGE	Mother's Age	contin	numeric	AGE OF THE MOTHER
V654	DMETHOD	Method of Delivery	discrete	numeric	METHOD OF DELIVERY
V655	PREG	Length of Pregnancy	contin	numeric	LENGTH OF PREGNANCY
V656	BTYPE	Type of Birth	discrete	numeric	
V657	MULBIRTH	Multiple Birth	discrete	numeric	IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS



## Place of Registration (Province) (REGPROV)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF REGISTRATION is located at the upper left portion of the document which identifies the geographic location where the live birth is to be registered.

Province where the birth is to be registered.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

Province

#### Interviewer instructions

This is usually the place of occurrence except in the following cases:

1. When a child is born abroad a vehicle, vessel or airplane while in transit within the Philippine territory and the exact place of birth could be ascertained, the birth shall be recorded in the civil register of the city or municipality of the mother's destination or where the mother habitually resides, if a resident of the Philippines. (Rule 8 (2), AO No.1, as amended series of 1983, Rule 19a in AO No.1 Series of 1993)
2. When the child is born abroad a vessel or airplane en route to the Philippines, the birth shall be recorded in the civil register of the city or municipality where the mother habitually resides, if she is a resident of the Philippines and if either the father or the mother or both parents are citizens of the Philippines. When the parents are both foreigners but not residents of the Philippines, the birth may be recorded in the civil register of Manila, if they so desire. (Rule 19b in AO No.1 Series of 1993)
3. En route to another country from the Philippines or from any country and the mother or father or both parents are citizens of the Philippines, the birth shall be recorded in the Philippine Consulate of the country of the mother's destination. (Rule 19c in AO No.1 Series of 1993)

Write the name of the province and city/municipality where the birth is registered on the appropriate spaces. Geographic codes are not acceptable.

## Place of Registration (City/Municipality) (REGMUN)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF REGISTRATION is located at the upper left portion of the document which identifies the geographic location where the live birth is to be registered.

City/Municipality where the birth is to be registered.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

City/Municipality

#### Interviewer instructions

## Place of Registration (City/Municipality) (REGMUN)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

This is usually the place of occurrence except in the following cases:

1. When a child is born aboard a vehicle, vessel or airplane while in transit within the Philippine territory and the exact place of birth could be ascertained, the birth shall be recorded in the civil register of the city or municipality of the mother's destination or where the mother habitually resides, if a resident of the Philippines. (Rule 8 (2), AO No.1, as amended series of 1983, Rule 19a in AO No.1 Series of 1993)
2. When the child is born aboard a vessel or airplane en route to the Philippines, the birth shall be recorded in the civil register of the city or municipality where the mother habitually resides, if she is a resident of the Philippines and if either the father or the mother or both parents are citizens of the Philippines. When the parents are both foreigners but not residents of the Philippines, the birth may be recorded in the civil register of Manila, if they so desire. (Rule 19b in AO No.1 Series of 1993)
3. En route to another country from the Philippines or from any country and the mother or father or both parents are citizens of the Philippines, the birth shall be recorded in the Philippine Consulate of the country of the mother's destination. (Rule 19c in AO No.1 Series of 1993)

Write the name of the province and city/municipality where the birth is registered on the appropriate spaces. Geographic codes are not acceptable.

## Place of Birth (Country) (CTRYCODE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 608-608	

#### Description

PLACE OF BIRTH refers to the geographic location where the birth actually occurred. Birth place is an aid in identification. This information is also used in genealogical research.

The information on place of birth is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place.

Place of birth is usually the place of registration. If there is no entry on the place of birth, it may be assumed that the place of registration is also the place of birth.

#### Post question

(Name of Hospital/Clinic/Institution/House No., Street, Barangay)  
(City/Municipality)  
(Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the complete address, i.e., Name of Hospital/Clinic/Institution/House No., Name of Street, Barangay, City/Municipality and Province, in this order.

For births that occurred in a hospital, clinic, institution or residence, write the complete name and address of the hospital, clinic, institution, or residence.

For births that occurred in places other than the above-mentioned places:

1. **VEHICLE** : If birth occurred aboard a vehicle, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vehicle, route, plate number and other necessary description of the vehicle;  
e.g., Victory Liner, Cubao - Bagui, MGN 424.
2. **VESSEL** : If birth occurred aboard a vessel, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vessel, route, voyage number, registry number and other necessary description of the vessel;  
e.g., MV Dona Brigida, bound for Manila - Tacloban, Voyage No. C18.
3. **AIRPLANE** : If birth occurred aboard an airplane, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the airplane, flight number, route, and other necessary description of the airplane;  
e.g., Philippine Airlines, Flight No. PR422, China - Manila.

## Place of Birth (Region) (REGCODE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF BIRTH refers to the geographic location where the birth actually occurred. Birth place is an aid in identification. This information is also used in genealogical research.

The information on place of birth is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place.

Place of birth is usually the place of registration. If there is no entry on the place of birth, it may be assumed that the place of registration is also the place of birth.

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the complete address, i.e., Name of Hospital/Clinic/Institution/House No., Name of Street, Barangay, City/Municipality and Province, in this order.

For births that occurred in a hospital, clinic, institution or residence, write the complete name and address of the hospital, clinic, institution, or residence.

For births that occurred in places other than the above-mentioned places:

1. VEHICLE : If birth occurred aboard a vehicle, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vehicle, route, plate number and other necessary description of the vehicle;  
e.g., Victory Liner, Cubao - Bagui, MGN 424.

2. VESSEL : If birth occurred aboard a vessel, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vessel, route, voyage number, registry number and other necessary description of the vessel;  
e.g., MV Dona Brigida, bound for Manila - Tacloban, Voyage No. C18.

3. AIRPLANE : If birth occurred aboard an airplane, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the airplane, flight number, route, and other necessary description of the airplane;  
e.g., Philippine Airlines, Flight No. PR422, China - Manila.

## Place of Birth (Province) (PROVCODE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF BIRTH refers to the geographic location where the birth actually occurred. Birth place is an aid in identification. This information is also used in genealogical research.

The information on place of birth is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place.

Place of birth is usually the place of registration. If there is no entry on the place of birth, it may be assumed that the place of registration is also the place of birth.

Province of the geographic location where the birth actually occurred.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

PLACE OF BIRTH

## Place of Birth (Province) (PROVCODE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Post question

(Name of Hospital/Clinic/Institution/House No., Street, Barangay)  
(City/Municipality)  
(Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the complete address, i.e., Name of Hospital/Clinic/Institution/House No., Name of Street, Barangay, City/Municipality and Province, in this order.

For births that occurred in a hospital, clinic, institution or residence, write the complete name and address of the hospital, clinic, institution, or residence.

For births that occurred in places other than the above-mentioned places:

1. VEHICLE : If birth occurred aboard a vehicle, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vehicle, route, plate number and other necessary description of the vehicle;

e.g., Victory Liner, Cubao - Bagui, MGN 424.

2. VESSEL : If birth occurred aboard a vessel, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vessel, route, voyage number, registry number and other necessary description of the vessel;

e.g., MV Dona Brigida, bound for Manila - Tacloban, Voyage No. C18.

3. AIRPLANE : If birth occurred aboard an airplane, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the airplane, flight number, route, and other necessary description of the airplane;

e.g., Philippine Airlines, Flight No. PR422, China - Manila.

## Place of Birth (City/Municipality) (MUNCODE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF BIRTH refers to the geographic location where the birth actually occurred. Birth place is an aid in identification. This information is also used in genealogical research.

The information on place of birth is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place.

Place of birth is usually the place of registration. If there is no entry on the place of birth, it may be assumed that the place of registration is also the place of birth.

City/Municipality of the geographic location where the birth actually occurred.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

PLACE OF BIRTH

#### Post question

(Name of Hospital/Clinic/Institution/House No., Street, Barangay)  
(City/Municipality)  
(Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

## Place of Birth (City/Municipality) (MUNCODE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

Write the complete address, i.e., Name of Hospital/Clinic/Institution/House No., Name of Street, Barangay, City/Municipality and Province, in this order.

For births that occurred in a hospital, clinic, institution or residence, write the complete name and address of the hospital, clinic, institution, or residence.

For births that occurred in places other than the above-mentioned places:

1. VEHICLE : If birth occurred aboard a vehicle, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vehicle, route, plate number and other necessary description of the vehicle;  
e.g., Victory Liner, Cubao - Bagui, MGN 424.

2. VESSEL : If birth occurred aboard a vessel, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the vessel, route, voyage number, registry number and other necessary description of the vessel;  
e.g., MV Dona Brigida, bound for Manila - Tacloban, Voyage No. C18.

3. AIRPLANE : If birth occurred aboard an airplane, indicate as the place of birth, the name of the airplane, flight number, route, and other necessary description of the airplane;  
e.g., Philippine Airlines, Flight No. PR422, China - Manila.

## Residence of Mother (Country) (RCTRY)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-895

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The mother's residence is the place where she habitually resides. This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility.

The country where the mother resides habitually. This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility.

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter the house no., street, barangay, city/municipality and province where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. It is not necessary that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility.

Write the complete address (House No., Street, Barangay, City/Municipality, Province and Country) where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. In the case the usual residence of the mother is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred. Temporary residence should not be reported.

## Residence of Mother (Region) (RREG)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description



## Residence of Mother (Region) (RREG)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

The mother's residence is the place where she habitually resides. This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility. (REGION)

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter the house no., street, barangay, city/municipality and province where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. It is not necessary that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility.

Write the complete address (House No., Street, Barangay, City/Municipality, Province and Country) where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. In the case the usual residence of the mother is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred. Temporary residence should not be reported.

## Residence of Mother (Province) (RPROV)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The mother's residence is the place where she habitually resides. This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility. (PROVINCE)

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

MOTHER

#### Literal question

RESIDENCE (Province)

#### Post question

(House No., Steet, Barangay)  
(City/Municipality)  
(Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter the house no., street, barangay, city/municipality and province where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. It is not necessary that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility.

Write the complete address (House No., Street, Barangay, City/Municipality, Province and Country) where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. In the case the usual residence of the mother is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred. Temporary residence should not be reported.

## Residence of Mother (City/Municipality) (RMUN)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-54

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The mother's residence is the place where she habitually resides. This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility. (CITY / MUNICIPALITY)

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

MOTHER

#### Literal question

RESIDENCE (City/Municipality)

#### Post question

(House No., Street, Barangay)  
(City/Municipality)  
(Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter the house no., street, barangay, city/municipality and province where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. It is not necessary that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred.

This item is seen as one of the factors affecting fertility.

Write the complete address (House No., Street, Barangay, City/Municipality, Province and Country) where the mother habitually resides at the time of birth of the child. In the case the usual residence of the mother is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

It does not always follow that the mother's residence is the same as the place where the birth occurred. Temporary residence should not be reported.

## Date of Birth (Month) (BMONTH)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-12

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The DATE OF BIRTH is the key item when proof of age is required. (MONTH)

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

CHILD

#### Literal question

DATE OF BIRTH (month)

#### Interviewer instructions

## Date of Birth (Month) (BMONTH)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

Print or type or write clearly the day, month and year, in this order, in the appropriate spaces when the child was born.

Write in full the month such as "January", "February", or in abbreviated form such as "Jan.", "Feb.", etc. Do not use numerical entries for the month of birth such as "6" for June, since this can be confused with the entry for the day of birth.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

Pay particular attention to the entry on day, month and year when the birth occurs at midnight. Always consider a birth at midnight to have occurred at the end of the day rather than at the beginning of the next day.

## Date of Birth (Day) (BDAY)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-31

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The DATE OF BIRTH is the key item when proof of age is required. (DAY)

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

CHILD

#### Literal question

DATE OF BIRTH (day)

#### Interviewer instructions

Print or type or write clearly the day, month and year, in this order, in the appropriate spaces when the child was born.

Write in full the month such as "January", "February", or in abbreviated form such as "Jan.", "Feb.", etc. Do not use numerical entries for the month of birth such as "6" for June, since this can be confused with the entry for the day of birth.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

Pay particular attention to the entry on day, month and year when the birth occurs at midnight. Always consider a birth at midnight to have occurred at the end of the day rather than at the beginning of the next day.

## Date of Birth (Year) (BYEAR)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 2011-2012

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The DATE OF BIRTH is the key item when proof of age is required. (YEAR)

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

CHILD

#### Literal question

## Date of Birth (Year) (BYEAR)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

DATE OF BIRTH (year)

#### Interviewer instructions

Print or type or write clearly the day, month and year, in this order, in the appropriate spaces when the child was born.

Write in full the month such as "January", "February", or in abbreviated form such as "Jan.", "Feb.", etc. Do not use numerical entries for the month of birth such as "6" for June, since this can be confused with the entry for the day of birth.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

Pay particular attention to the entry on day, month and year when the birth occurs at midnight. Always consider a birth at midnight to have occurred at the end of the day rather than at the beginning of the next day.

## Date of Registration (Month) (REGMONTH)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-12

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Month of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Month)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a be basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not accepted.

## Date of Registration (Day) (REGDAY)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Date of Registration (Day) (REGDAY)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-31

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Day of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Day)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not accepted.

## Day of Registration (Year) (REGYEAR)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 2011-2013

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Year of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

## Day of Registration (Year) (REGYEAR)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Year)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not accepted.

## Registration Status (REGSTAT)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This indicates whether or not the document is registered within the reglementary period which is within 30 days after the birth of the child. This is determined by comparing the date of birth of the child and the date received at the Office of the Civil Registrar which is presumed to be the date of registration. If the time difference is less than 30 days.

[Source: INSTRUCTION MANUAL: Civil Registry Forms (Accomplishment and Coding)]

REGLEMENTARY PERIOD is the prescribed period within which an event should be registered.

DELAYED REGISTRATION refers to the registration of an event beyond the reglementary period as specified in existing laws, rules and regulations.

#### Interviewer instructions

REGLEMENTARY PERIOD is the prescribed period within which an event should be registered.

DELAYED REGISTRATION refers to the registration of an event beyond the reglementary period as specified in existing laws, rules and regulations.

Late registration status is when the marriage is registered beyond the 30-day reglementary period.

Timely registration status is when the marriage is registered within the 30-day reglementary period.

## Birth Weight (BWEIGHT)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 250-9999

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

## Birth Weight (BWEIGHT)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

The weight at birth is the most important characteristic associated with infant mortality. This is also related to medically attended births, marital status of the mother, and other factors surrounding the birth. Consequently, it is used with other information to plan and evaluate effectiveness of health care.

The weight of the child immediately after delivery should be reported.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

d. WEIGHT AT BIRTH

#### Post question

grams

#### Interviewer instructions

The unit of weight to be entered in the space provided shall be in grams.

If the entry is in pounds and ounce, refer to Appendix 5 (Conversion Table from Pounds to Grams) for the corresponding values in grams.

## Birth Order (BORDER)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-24

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The birth order of the child, i.e., first, second, third, etc., is determined by considering all previous deliveries of the mother including fetal deaths and those delivered during previous marriages and unions.

A distinction in the order of births should be made with multiple births; thus, one twin is classified as being born first before the other, no matter how close they come to being delivered simultaneously.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

c. BIRTH ORDER

#### Post question

(live births and fetal deaths including this delivery)  
(first, second, third, etc.)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the order by which the child was born such as "First", "Second", "Third", etc., as the case may be.

## Type of Birth (BTYPE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The type of birth shows whether the birth is single, twin, triplet, etc.

## Type of Birth (BTYPE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.  
Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 5a, 5b and 19a.)

ITEM 2 = SEX  
ITEM 5a = TYPE OF BIRTH  
ITEM 5b = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS  
ITEM 19a = ATTENDANT

#### Literal question

TYPE OF BIRTH

#### Interviewer instructions

Place "X" before the appropriate code whether the child was born single, or a product of multiple birth such as twin, triplet, etc.

## Multiple Birth (MULBIRTH)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-3

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The item "If Multiple Birth, Child Was" is important in matters relative to testate succession or matters of inheritance. Multiple birth refers to twins, triplets, quadruplets, etc.

If multiple birth, specify the order in which the child was born, i.e., first, second, etc., as the case may be. Thus, one twin is classified as being born first before the other, no matter how close they come to being delivered simultaneously.

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.  
Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 5a, 5b and 19a.)

ITEM 2 = SEX  
ITEM 5a = TYPE OF BIRTH  
ITEM 5b = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS  
ITEM 19a = ATTENDANT

#### Literal question

b. IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

#### Interviewer instructions

Place "X" before the appropriate code. If "X" is placed before "Others", specify the order of his birth, i.e., "third", "fourth", etc.

Remember that for multiple birth cases, each live birth should have a separate birth certificate.

## Sex (SEX)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0



## Sex (SEX)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Description

The item sex aids in the identification of the child. It is also used in research and statistical analysis to determine sex ratio at birth.

It is used for measuring sex differentials in health related characteristics and for making population estimates and projections.

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.  
Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 5a, 5b and 19a.)

ITEM 2 = SEX  
ITEM 5a = TYPE OF BIRTH  
ITEM 5b = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS  
ITEM 19a = ATTENDANT

CHILD : SEX

#### Literal question

SEX

#### Interviewer instructions

Place "X" before the appropriate code for the sex or gender of the child.

## Father's Nationality (FNAT)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

#### Description

The nationality of the father came from the question in citizenship of the father of the child. Citizenship is the status that entitles the father to the rights and privileges to his country. Citizenship is acquired by birth, by naturalization, or by election.

Not Applicable or N.A. if the father is not stated or unknown.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

FATHER

#### Literal question

CITIZENSHIP

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the citizenship of the father such as "Filipino" if a citizen of the Philippines, "American", if a citizen of the United States of America, etc., as the case may be.

Write "Filipino-American", "Filipino-Canadian", etc., as the case may be, if the father has dual citizenship.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Name of Father is "Unknown".

## Father's Age (FAGE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Father's Age (FAGE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

Type: Continuous  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 10-98

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

#### Description

The age of the father in completed years at the time of the birth of the child.

Not Applicable or N.A. if the entry if the father is not stated or unknown.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

FATHER

#### Literal question

Age at the time of this birth:

#### Post question

years

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the age of the father in completed years at the time of this birth.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Name of Father is "Unknown".

## Father's Religion (FREL)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

#### Description

The religion of the father is the faith professed by the father. Religion is a set of common beliefs and practices generally held by a group of people while Religious Sect is the respective religious group or sect into which the individual is affiliated.

This item will help determine the relationship of faith professed and socio-demographic factors such as age at time of delivery and legitimacy status of which the individual is affiliated.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

FATHER

#### Literal question

RELIGION

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the faith professed by the father such as "Roman Catholic", "Äglipay", "Iglesia ni Cristo", "Islam", "Iglesia Filipina Independiente", "Philippine Evangelical Mission", "Jesus is Lord Church", etc.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Name of Father is "Unknown".  
 If the father has no religion/religious sect, write "None".

## Mother's Nationality (MNAT)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

## Mother's Nationality (MNAT)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The nationality of the mother came from the question in citizenship of the mother of the child. Citizenship is the status that entitles the mother to the rights and privileges to her country. Citizenship is acquired by birth, by naturalization, or by election.

Not Applicable or N.A. if the father is not stated or unknown.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

MOTHER

#### Literal question

CITIZENSHIP

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the citizenship of the mother such as "Filipino" if a citizen of the Philippines, "American", if a citizen of the United States of America, etc., as the case may be.

Write "Filipino-American", "Filipino-Canadian", etc., as the case may be, if the mother has dual citizenship.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Maiden Name of Mother is "Unknown".

## Mother's Age (MAGE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 9-54

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The age of the mother in completed years at the time of birth is one of the most important factors in the study of childbearing and pregnancy outcome. It is also a determinant of age-specific fertility patterns.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

MOTHER

#### Literal question

Age at the time of this birth:

#### Post question

years

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the age of the father in completed years at the time of this birth.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Maiden Name of Mother is "Unknown".

## Mother's Religion (MREL)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The religion of the mother is the faith professed by the mother. Religion is a set of common beliefs and practices generally held by a group of people while Religious Sect is the respective religious group or sect into which the individual is affiliated.

This item will help determine the relationship of faith professed and socio-demographic factors such as age at time of delivery and legitimacy status of which the individual is affiliated.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

MOTHER

#### Literal question

RELIGION

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the faith professed by the father such as "Roman Catholic", "Äglipay", "Iglesia ni Cristo", "Islam", "Iglesia Filipina Independiente", "Philippine Evangelical Mission", "Jesus is Lord Church", etc.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Maiden Name of Mother is "Unknown".  
If the mother has no religion/religious sect, write "None".

## Attendant at Birth (ATTENDANT)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The attendant at birth supply the information on the occurrence of birth.

This will provide information on the attendant at birth whether by physicians, nurses, midwives, traditional birth attendants or "hilots".

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.  
Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 5a, 5b and 19a.)

ITEM 2 = SEX  
ITEM 5a = TYPE OF BIRTH  
ITEM 5b = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS  
ITEM 19a = ATTENDANT

#### Literal question

ATTENDANT

#### Interviewer instructions

Write "X" mark on the appropriate space of the pre-coded entries for the attendant at birth.

## Child Status (CSTATUS)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This item is about the legitimacy status of the child at the time of birth.

If the date of marriage of parents is earlier than the birth of the child, the child is legitimate.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

## Place of Marriage (Country) (MCTRY)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 4-895

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The country where the parents of the child was being solemnized if they are legally married at the time of birth.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS

#### Post question

(If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

#### Interviewer instructions

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS (If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

If the parents are legally married at the time of birth, write the city/municipality, province and country where the marriage of the parents was solemnized.

Write the exact date and place of marriage, if the parents are legally married at the time of birth.

Write "Forgotten", "Don't Know" or "D.K." if the informant could not supply the information.

Write "Not Married" if the parents of the child are not legally married at the time of the child's birth.

## Place of Marriage (Province) (MPROV)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The province where the parents of the child was being solemnized if they are legally married at the time of birth.

## Place of Marriage (Province) (MPROV)

File: Births\_2011-2012

### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

### Literal question

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS

### Post question

(If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

### Interviewer instructions

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS (If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

If the parents are legally married at the time of birth, write the city/municipality, province and country where the marriage of the parents was solemnized.

Write the exact date and place of marriage, if the parents are legally married at the time of birth.

Write "Forgotten", "Don't Know" or "D.K." if the informant could not supply the information.

Write "Not Married" if the parents of the child are not legally married at the time of the child's birth.

## Place of Marriage (City/Municipality) (MMUN)

File: Births\_2011-2012

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

The city/municipality where the parents of the child was being solemnized if they are legally married at the time of birth.

### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

### Literal question

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS

### Post question

(If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

### Interviewer instructions

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS (If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

If the parents are legally married at the time of birth, write the city/municipality, province and country where the marriage of the parents was solemnized.

Write the exact date and place of marriage, if the parents are legally married at the time of birth.

Write "Forgotten", "Don't Know" or "D.K." if the informant could not supply the information.

Write "Not Married" if the parents of the child are not legally married at the time of the child's birth.

## Date of Marriage (Month) (MARRMONTH)

File: Births\_2011-2012

### Overview

## Date of Marriage (Month) (MARRMONTH)

File: Births\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

The date of marriage determines the legitimacy status of the child. (MONTH)

### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

### Literal question

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS

### Post question

(If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

### Interviewer instructions

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS (If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

It is extremely important that this item is not left blank, otherwise, the legitimacy of the child will be questioned.

Enter the exact date and place of marriage, if the parents are legally married at the time of birth.

If the parents have forgotten the exact date of their marriage, enter the approximate year. If they cannot approximate the year, enter "Forgotten".

Enter "Not Applicable" if the child has unknown father or mother.

Enter "Unknown", "Don't Know" or "D.K." if the informant could not supply the information.

Enter "Not Married" if the parents of the child are not legally married on or before the birth of the child and their names appeared in Item 6 (Maiden Name of the Mother) and Item 13 (Name of the Father).

The Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back of the certificate must be accomplished if the parents are not legally married. The Affidavit of Acknowledgment is applicable if the child was born prior to 03 August 1988. It may be accomplished by both parents or either party if one of them refuses. The Affidavit of Admission of Paternity, on the other hand, shall be accomplished by the father if the child was born on or after 03 August 1988. These two affidavits have been combined at the back of the Certificate of Live Birth.

## Date of Marriage (Day) (MARRDAY)

File: Births\_2011-2012

### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-31

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

### Description

The date of marriage determines the legitimacy status of the child. (DAY)

### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

### Literal question

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS

### Post question

(If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

### Interviewer instructions

## Date of Marriage (Day) (MARRDAY)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS (If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

It is extremely important that this item is not left blank, otherwise, the legitimacy of the child will be questioned.

Enter the exact date and place of marriage, if the parents are legally married at the time of birth.

If the parents have forgotten the exact date of their marriage, enter the approximate year. If they cannot approximate the year, enter "Forgotten".

Enter "Not Applicable" if the child has unknown father or mother.

Enter "Unknown", "Don't Know" or "D.K." if the informant could not supply the information.

Enter "Not Married" if the parents of the child are not legally married on or before the birth of the child and their names appeared in Item 6 (Maiden Name of the Mother) and Item 13 (Name of the Father).

The Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back of the certificate must be accomplished if the parents are not legally married. The Affidavit of Acknowledgment is applicable if the child was born prior to 03 August 1988. It may be accomplished by both parents or either party if one of them refuses. The Affidavit of Admission of Paternity, on the other hand, shall be accomplished by the father if the child was born on or after 03 August 1988. These two affidavits have been combined at the back of the Certificate of Live Birth.

## Date of Marriage (Year) (MARRYEAR)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9999

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The date of marriage determines the legitimacy status of the child. (YEAR)

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS

#### Post question

(If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

#### Interviewer instructions



## Date of Marriage (Year) (MARRYEAR)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE OF PARENTS (If not married, accomplish Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back.)

It is extremely important that this item is not left blank, otherwise, the legitimacy of the child will be questioned.

Enter the exact date and place of marriage, if the parents are legally married at the time of birth.

If the parents have forgotten the exact date of their marriage, enter the approximate year. If they cannot approximate the year, enter "Forgotten".

Enter "Not Applicable" if the child has unknown father or mother.

Enter "Unknown", "Don't Know" or "D.K." if the informant could not supply the information.

Enter "Not Married" if the parents of the child are not legally married on or before the birth of the child and their names appeared in Item 6 (Maiden Name of the Mother) and Item 13 (Name of the Father).

The Affidavit of Acknowledgment/Admission of Paternity at the back of the certificate must be accomplished if the parents are not legally married. The Affidavit of Acknowledgment is applicable if the child was born prior to 03 August 1988. It may be accomplished by both parents or either party if one of them refuses. The Affidavit of Admission of Paternity, on the other hand, shall be accomplished by the father if the child was born on or after 03 August 1988. These two affidavits have been combined at the back of the Certificate of Live Birth.

## Total No. of Children Born Alive (TALIVE)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

The total number of children born alive determines the ratio of living children and children born alive but is now dead. This is also a determinant in the study of childbearing patterns of the mother.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

Total number of children born alive:

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the total number of children born alive to the mother including the birth to be registered such as "1", "2", "10", "13", etc., as the case may be. Include the children born alive but are now dead.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Maiden Name of Mother is "Unknown".

In case of multiple births, each live birth shall be counted separately.

Entry of this item should be the same as the sum of entries in Number of Children Still Living Including this Birth and Number of Children Born Alive But are Now Dead. Likewise, the entry in this item should be less than or equal to Birth Order.

## Total No. of Children Still Living (TLIVING)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Total No. of Children Still Living (TLIVING)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-23

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The number of children still living including this birth.  
The number of living children at the time of the birth to be registered, born by the mother.

Children by adoption not included in the count.

In no case will this item have a zero entry.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

No. of children still living including this birth:

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the number of children still living including this birth to be registered such as "1", "2", "3", etc., as the case may be.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Maiden Name of Mother is "Unknown".

Children by adoption not included in the count.

In no case will this item have a zero entry.

## Total No. of Children Now Dead (TDEAD)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The number of children born alive to the mother but are now dead at the time of the birth to be registered.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewrite.

#### Literal question

No. of children born alive but are now dead:

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the number of children born alive to the mother but are now dead at the time of the birth to be registered such as "1", "2", "3", etc., as the case may be.

Write zero "0" if it is the first live birth to the mother or if all the previous deliveries are still living.

Write "Not Applicable" or "N.A." if the entry in Maiden Name of Mother is "Unknown".

## Ethnic Affiliation of Father (EFATHER)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Ethnic Affiliation of Father (EFATHER)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-525

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The fact or state of belonging to a social group that has a common national or cultural tradition. (FATHER)

#### Literal question

ETHNICITY OF THE FATHER

#### Interviewer instructions

Item 3 - Ethnicity of the Father for Muslim and Item 5 - Ethnicity of the Father for IP

Write the ethnic group/affiliation of the father as provided by the informant, e.g.  
Write "Itneg", "Maranao", "Maguindanao", etc., as the case may be in the spaced provided.

NOTE: Mangyan groups such as:

1. Iraya
2. Alangan
3. Tadyawan
4. Tau-buid
5. Bangon
6. Buhid
7. Hanunoo
8. Ratagnon

## Ethnic Affiliation of Mother (EMOTHER)

### File: Births\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-912

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The fact or state of belonging to a social group that has a common national or cultural tradition. (MOTHER)

#### Literal question

ETHNICITY OF THE MOTHER

#### Interviewer instructions

Item 4 - Ethnicity of the Father for Muslim and Item 6 - Ethnicity of the Father for IP

Write the ethnic group/affiliation of the father as provided by the informant, e.g.  
Write "Itneg", "Maranao", "Maguindanao", etc., as the case may be in the spaced provided.

NOTE: Mangyan groups such as:

1. Iraya
2. Alangan
3. Tadyawan
4. Tau-buid
5. Bangon
6. Buhid
7. Hanunoo
8. Ratagnon

## Place of Registration (Province) (REGPROV)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF REGISTRATION is located at the upper left portion of the document which identifies the geographic location where the marriage is to be registered. This is usually the place of occurrence.

Province where the marriage is to be registered.

In case of marriage among Muslim Filipinos performed under their customs, traditions, rites and practices, the Certificate of Marriage (COM) shall be reported to the Circuit Registrar of the Shari'a Circuit Court where the marriage was celebrated.

If there is no Shari'a Court, the marriage shall be registered at the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO) where it was celebrated with the annotation that the marriage is in accordance with P.D. 1083 both in the COM and the Marriage Register.

#### Literal question

Province

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the full name of the province and city/municipality. Geographic codes are not acceptable.

## Place of Registration (City/Municipality) (REGMUN)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF REGISTRATION is located at the upper left portion of the document which identifies the geographic location where the marriage is to be registered. This is usually the place of occurrence except in some cases.

City/Municipality where the marriage is to be registered.

In case of marriage among Muslim Filipinos performed under their customs, traditions, rites and practices, the Certificate of Marriage (COM) shall be reported to the Circuit Registrar of the Shari'a Circuit Court where the marriage was celebrated.

If there is no Shari'a Court, the marriage shall be registered at the Local Civil Registry Office (LCRO) where it was celebrated with the annotation that the marriage is in accordance with P.D. 1083 both in the COM and the Marriage Register.

#### Literal question

City/Municipality

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the full name of the province and city/municipality. Geographic codes are not acceptable.

## Place of Marriage (Region) (REGCODE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Place of Marriage (Region) (REGCODE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This is a legal item that establishes whether the marriage was performed in a place authorized by law. It may also be used for statistical purpose, that is, in tabulating the number of marriages performed in certain geographic locations.

Region of the geographic location where the marriage actually occurred.

The information on place of marriage is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place.

#### Post question

Address

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the specific place where the marriage ceremony took place i.e., whether at the chamber of the judge or in open court; at the church, mosque, chapel or temple; or in the office of the consul-general, consul or vice consul; as the case may be, and not elsewhere, except in the following cases of marriages:

1. contracted at the point of death (Article 27 of the Family Code of the Philippines);
2. in remote places (Article 28 of the Family Code of the Philippines); or
3. where both of the parties request the solemnizing officer in writing in which case the marriage may be solemnized at a house or place designated by them in a sworn statement to that effect (Article 8 of the Family Code of the Philippines).

On the space provided for the address, enter the street number, street name, name of the city/municipality and the province.

In case the marriage was officiated by the Municipal/City Mayor, the place of marriage is the Office of the Mayor.

For Muslim marriages, the place of marriage shall be solemnized publicly in any mosque, office of the Shari'a judge, office of the District Circuit Registrar, residence of the bride or her wali, or at any other suitable place agreed upon by the parties (Article 19 of P.D. 1083).

#### EXAMPLES:

1. If marriage was performed in the Municipal Trial Court, write the place and address of marriage as:

Office of the Municipal Trial Court

Quezon City

2. If marriage was solemnized in the church, write the place and address of marriage as:

Saint Peter Parish

Tungkong Mangga, Tungko, City of San Jose del Monte, Bulacan

3. If the marriage was solemnized at the house of the bride, write the place and address of marriage as:

House of Bride

Blk 12 Lot 17 Xavierville Subdivision, Quirino Highway, Meycauayan, Bulacan

4. If the marriage was solemnized in a barangay hall, write the place and address of marriage as:

Barangay Hall

Barangay Wawa, Angono, Rizal

In cases where the marriage ceremony took place in places other than those mentioned in the preceding paragraph, write the exact place where the marriage was officiated.

#### EXAMPLE:

The marriage of a couple occurred aboard the vessel "M/V Princess of the Stars".

Hence, the entry should be:

Aboard "M/V Princess of the Stars", Manila

## Place of Marriage (Province) (PROVCODE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Place of Marriage (Province) (PROVCODE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This is a legal item that establishes whether the marriage was performed in a place authorized by law. It may also be used for statistical purpose, that is, in tabulating the number of marriages performed in certain geographic locations.

Province of the geographic location where the marriage actually occurred.

The information on place of marriage is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place.

#### Literal question

Place of Marriage  
(Office of the/House of/ Barangay of/ Church of/ Mosque of)

#### Post question

Address

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the specific place where the marriage ceremony took place i.e., whether at the chamber of the judge or in open court; at the church, mosque, chapel or temple; or in the office of the consul-general, consul or vice consul; as the case may be, and not elsewhere, except in the following cases of marriages:

1. contracted at the point of death (Article 27 of the Family Code of the Philippines);
2. in remote places (Article 28 of the Family Code of the Philippines); or
3. where both of the parties request the solemnizing officer in writing in which case the marriage may be solemnized at a house or place designated by them in a sworn statement to that effect (Article 8 of the Family Code of the Philippines).

On the space provided for the address, enter the street number, street name, name of the city/municipality and the province.

In case the marriage was officiated by the Municipal/City Mayor, the place of marriage is the Office of the Mayor.

For Muslim marriages, the place of marriage shall be solemnized publicly in any mosque, office of the Shari'a judge, office of the District Circuit Registrar, residence of the bride or her wali, or at any other suitable place agreed upon by the parties (Article 19 of P.D. 1083).

#### EXAMPLES:

1. If marriage was performed in the Municipal Trial Court, write the place and address of marriage as:  
Office of the Municipal Trial Court  
Quezon City
2. If marriage was solemnized in the church, write the place and address of marriage as:  
Saint Peter Parish  
Tungkong Mangga, Tungko, City of San Jose del Monte, Bulacan
3. If the marriage was solemnized at the house of the bride, write the place and address of marriage as:  
House of Bride  
Blk 12 Lot 17 Xavierville Subdivision, Quirino Highway, Meycauayan, Bulacan
4. If the marriage was solemnized in a barangay hall, write the place and address of marriage as:  
Barangay Hall  
Barangay Wawa, Angono, Rizal

In cases where the marriage ceremony took place in places other than those mentioned in the preceding paragraph, write the exact place where the marriage was officiated.

#### EXAMPLE:

The marriage of a couple occurred aboard the vessel "M/V Princess of the Stars".

Hence, the entry should be:

Aboard "M/V Princess of the Stars", Manila

## Place of Marriage (City/Municipality) (MUNCODE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This is a legal item that establishes whether the marriage was performed in a place authorized by law. It may also be used for statistical purpose, that is, in tabulating the number of marriages performed in certain geographic locations.

City/Municipality of the geographic location where the marriage actually occurred.

The information on place of marriage is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place.

#### Literal question

Place of Marriage  
(Office of the/House of/ Barangay of/ Church of/ Mosque of)

#### Post question

Address

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the specific place where the marriage ceremony took place i.e., whether at the chamber of the judge or in open court; at the church, mosque, chapel or temple; or in the office of the consul-general, consul or vice consul; as the case may be, and not elsewhere, except in the following cases of marriages:

1. contracted at the point of death (Article 27 of the Family Code of the Philippines);
2. in remote places (Article 28 of the Family Code of the Philippines); or
3. where both of the parties request the solemnizing officer in writing in which case the marriage may be solemnized at a house or place designated by them in a sworn statement to that effect (Article 8 of the Family Code of the Philippines).

On the space provided for the address, enter the street number, street name, name of the city/municipality and the province.

In case the marriage was officiated by the Municipal/City Mayor, the place of marriage is the Office of the Mayor.

For Muslim marriages, the place of marriage shall be solemnized publicly in any mosque, office of the Shari'a judge, office of the District Circuit Registrar, residence of the bride or her wali, or at any other suitable place agreed upon by the parties (Article 19 of P.D. 1083).

#### EXAMPLES:

1. If marriage was performed in the Municipal Trial Court, write the place and address of marriage as:

Office of the Municipal Trial Court  
Quezon City

2. If marriage was solemnized in the church, write the place and address of marriage as:

Saint Peter Parish  
Tungkong Mangga, Tungko, City of San Jose del Monte, Bulacan

3. If the marriage was solemnized at the house of the bride, write the place and address of marriage as:

House of Bride  
Blk 12 Lot 17 Xavierville Subdivision, Quirino Highway, Meycauayan, Bulacan

4. If the marriage was solemnized in a barangay hall, write the place and address of marriage as:

Barangay Hall  
Barangay Wawa, Angono, Rizal

In cases where the marriage ceremony took place in places other than those mentioned in the preceding paragraph, write the exact place where the marriage was officiated.

#### EXAMPLE:

The marriage of a couple occurred aboard the vessel "M/V Princess of the Stars".

Hence, the entry should be:

Aboard "M/V Princess of the Stars", Manila

## Date of Marriage (Month) (MARRMONTH)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-12	

#### Description

This is a legal item showing when the marriage was actually celebrated and is needed to assure that the license was valid at the time of the ceremony. On the statistical side, it is used to count the number of marriages that occurred during a specified period of time and may be used in a combination of other items on the certificate for analysis of marriage trends and characteristics.

The date of marriage shows the date when the marriage was actually celebrated. (MONTH)

#### Literal question

Date (month)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the exact day, month and year of marriage.

Write the full word of the month such as "January", "February", or in abbreviated form such as "Jan.", "Feb.", etc.. Do not use numbers for months such as "6" for June, since this can be confused as the entry for the day of marriage.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

## Date of Marriage (Day) (MARRDAY)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-31	

#### Description

This is a legal item showing when the marriage was actually celebrated and is needed to assure that the license was valid at the time of the ceremony. On the statistical side, it is used to count the number of marriages that occurred during a specified period of time and may be used in a combination of other items on the certificate for analysis of marriage trends and characteristics.

The date of marriage shows the date when the marriage was actually celebrated. (DAY)

#### Literal question

Date (day)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the exact day, month and year of marriage.

Write the full word of the month such as "January", "February", or in abbreviated form such as "Jan.", "Feb.", etc.. Do not use numbers for months such as "6" for June, since this can be confused as the entry for the day of marriage.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

## Date of Marriage (Year) (MARRYEAR)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview



## Date of Marriage (Year) (MARRYEAR)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 2011-2012

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This is a legal item showing when the marriage was actually celebrated and is needed to assure that the license was valid at the time of the ceremony. On the statistical side, it is used to count the number of marriages that occurred during a specified period of time and may be used in a combination of other items on the certificate for an analysis of marriage trends and characteristics.

The date of marriage shows the date when the marriage was actually celebrated. (YEAR)

#### Literal question

Date (year)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the exact day, month and year of marriage.

Write the full word of the month such as "January", "February", or in abbreviated form such as "Jan.", "Feb.", etc.. Do not use numbers for months such as "6" for June, since this can be confused as the entry for the day of marriage.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

## Date of Registration (Month) (REGMONTH)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-12

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This date indicates whether the marriage certificate was filed within the reglementary period.  
Month of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Literal question

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Month)

#### Interviewer instructions

## Date of Registration (Month) (REGMONTH)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a be basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not accepted.

## Date of Registration (Day) (REGDAY)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-31

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This date indicates whether the marriage certificate was filed within the reglementary period.  
Day of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Literal question

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Day)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a be basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not accepted.

## Date of Registration (Year) (REGYEAR)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Date of Registration (Year) (REGYEAR)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 2011-2013

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This date indicates whether the marriage certificate was filed within the reglementary period. Year of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Literal question

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Year)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not accepted.

## Registration Status (REGSTAT)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This indicates whether or not the document is registered within the reglementary period which is within 30 days after the marriage. This is determined by comparing the date of marriage and the date received at the Office of the Civil Registrar which is presumed to be the date of registration. If the time difference is less than 30 days.

#### Interviewer instructions

REGLEMENTARY PERIOD is the prescribed period within which an event should be registered. DELAYED REGISTRATION refers to the registration of an event beyond the reglementary period as specified in existing laws, rules and regulations.

Late registration status is when the marriage is registered beyond the 30-day reglementary period. Timely registration status is when the marriage is registered within the 30-day reglementary period.

## Type of Ceremony (CEREMONY)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

TYPE OF CEREMONY

= Religious Affiliation, Registry No., and Expiration Date, if applicable  
portion about the information of the Solemnizing Office

The religious affiliation, registry no., and expiration date is an item that will help determine whether the marriage was solemnized within at least one of the contracting parties religion/religious sect or church and whether the solemnizing officer has complied with the requirement of registration, thus authorized to solemnize marriage.

#### Literal question

Religious Affiliation, Registration No. and Expiration Date, if applicable

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the religious affiliation of the solemnizing officer, Registry No., and Expiration Date, if applicable in the appropriate space.

Write "Not Applicable"" or "N.A." for marriages performed under IPRA/P.D. 1083.

## Groom's Age (GAGE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 10-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Age is used to describe and analyze differences in the marriage patterns of brides and grooms.  
The date of birth is the key item when proof of age is required.

Age and date of birth will be used to determine whether or not the contracting parties are qualified to contract marriage and/or whether a parental consent or advice is necessary.

Date of birth is used for identification and computation of the respective ages of the contracting parties.

A query on age is used to determine whether or not the contracting parties are of legal age to contract marriage. Age is also used to describe and analyze differences in marriage patterns of brides and grooms. Having both age and date of birth on the record makes the information more reliable.

Information on age at marriage, in combination with other items in the record, is used to analyze factors affecting family formation.

#### Pre question

Husband

#### Literal question

Date of Birth/Age

#### Post question

(age)

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter the ages of the contracting parties in completed years, that is, as of their last birthdays in the same line after the date of birth.

## Groom's Nationality (GNATION)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

#### Description

The nationality will be determined thru citizenship that refers to the status that entitles the groom or the bride the rights and privileges of his/her chosen country.

Citizenship is acquired by birth, by naturalization, or by election.

#### Pre question

Husband

#### Literal question

Citizenship

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter "Filipino" if the groom or bride is a citizen of the Philippines. Other possible entries are "American", "Chinese", "Japanese", etc.

## Groom's Residence (Country) (GRESK)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-895	

#### Description

Residence refers to the place where the groom and the bride habitually reside at the time of marriage. (COUNTRY)

#### Pre question

Husband

#### Literal question

Residence

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter the complete address of the contracting parties in the spaces provided by indicating the street number, street name, municipality and province. Indicate the name of the country if necessary.

## Groom's Residence (Province) (GRESK)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 2	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-98	

#### Description

Residence refers to the place where the groom and the bride habitually reside at the time of marriage. (PROVINCE)

#### Pre question

Husband

## Groom's Residence (Province) (GRESP)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Literal question**

Residence

**Interviewer instructions**

Enter the complete address of the contracting parties in the spaces provided by indicating the street number, street name, municipality and province. Indicate the name of the country if necessary.

## Groom's Residence (City/Municipal) (GRESM)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

**Description**

Residence refers to the place where the groom and the bride habitually reside at the time of marriage. (CITY/MUNICIPALITY)

**Pre question**

Husband

**Literal question**

Residence

**Interviewer instructions**

Enter the complete address of the contracting parties in the spaces provided by indicating the street number, street name, municipality and province. Indicate the name of the country if necessary.

## Groom's Birth Place (Country) (GBPLACEC)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 4-895

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

**Description**

Place of Birth refers to the geographic location where the birth of the husband (Groom) actually occurred. (COUNTRY)

**Pre question**

Husband

**Literal question**

Place of Birth

**Interviewer instructions**

On the space provided, enter the name of city or municipality and the name of the province where each of the contracting parties was born.

## Groom's Birth Place (Province) (GBPLACEP)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Overview**

## Groom's Birth Place (Province) (GBPLACEP)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

Place of Birth refers to the geographic location where the birth of the husband (Groom) actually occurred. (PROVINCE)

**Pre question**

Husband

**Literal question**

Place of Birth

**Interviewer instructions**

On the space provided, enter the name of city or municipality and the name of the province where each of the contracting parties was born.

## Groom's Birth Place (City/Municipal) (GBPLACEM)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

Place of Birth refers to the geographic location where the birth of the husband (Groom) actually occurred. (CITY/MUNICIPALITY)

**Pre question**

Husband

**Literal question**

Place of Birth

**Interviewer instructions**

On the space provided, enter the name of city or municipality and the name of the province where each of the contracting parties was born.

## Groom's Religion (GREL)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

Religion is a set of common beliefs and practices generally held by a group of people while a religious sect is a group of people forming a distinct unit within a larger group by virtue of certain refinements or distinctions of belief or practice.

**Pre question**

Husband

**Literal question**

Religion

## Groom's Religion (GREL)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the faith professed by the concerned party such as "Roman Catholic", "Iglesia ni Cristo", "Islam", etc..

## Groom's Civil Status (GSTATUS)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Civil Status refers to the legal status of a contracting party with reference to the marriage laws or customs of his/her country.

#### NOTE:

The entry "married" is acceptable for those who are members of the ICCs/IPs and for a groom whose religion is "Islam" since they are allowed to contract multiple marriages.

#### Pre question

Husband

#### Literal question

Civil Status

#### Interviewer instructions

The acceptable entry for this item is any of the following:

1. Single - for a person who has never been married or his/her marriage has been annulled.
2. Widow/Widower - for a married person whose spouse died and who has not remarried up to the time of solemnization of the marriage in reference. Presumed widow/widower is considered widow/widower.
3. Divorced - for a person has been divorced from previous marriage through talaq, tafwid or court order including ICCs/IPs marriages dissolved.

Write the appropriate civil status of the contracting parties.

NOTE: The entry "Married" is acceptable for those who are members of the ICCs/IPs and for a groom whose religion is "Islam" since they are allowed to contract multiple marriages.

## Bride's Age (BAGE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 9-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description



## Bride's Age (BAGE)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Age is used to describe and analyze differences in the marriage patterns of brides and grooms. The date of birth is the key item when proof of age is required.

Age and date of birth will be used to determine whether or not the contracting parties are qualified to contract marriage and/or whether a parental consent or advice is necessary.

Date of birth is used for identification and computation of the respective ages of the contracting parties. A query on age is used to determine whether or not the contracting parties are of legal age to contract marriage. Age is also used to describe and analyze differences in marriage patterns of brides and grooms. Having both age and date of birth on the record makes the information more reliable.

Information on age at marriage, in combination with other items in the record, is used to analyze factors affecting family formation.

#### Pre question

Bride

#### Literal question

Date of Birth/Age

#### Post question

(age)

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter the ages of the contracting parties in completed years, that is, as of their last birthdays in the same line after the date of birth.

## Bride's Nationality (BNATION)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The nationality will be determined thru citizenship that refers to the status that entitles the groom or the bride the rights and privileges of his/her chosen country.

Citizenship is acquired by birth, by naturalization, or by election.

#### Pre question

Bride

#### Literal question

Citizenship

#### Interviewer instructions

Enter "Filipino" if the groom or bride is a citizen of the Philippines. Other possible entries are "American", "Chinese", "Japanese", etc.

## Bride's Residence (Country) (BRESC)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

## Bride's Residence (Country) (BRESC)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 3  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 4-895

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

Residence refers to the place where the groom and the bride habitually reside at the time of marriage. (COUNTRY)

**Pre question**

Bride

**Literal question**

Residence

**Interviewer instructions**

Enter the complete address of the contracting parties in the spaces provided by indicating the street number, street name, municipality and province. Indicate the name of the country if necessary.

## Bride's Residence (Province) (BRESP)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

Residence refers to the place where the groom and the bride habitually reside at the time of marriage. (PROVINCE)

**Pre question**

Bride

**Literal question**

Residence

**Interviewer instructions**

Enter the complete address of the contracting parties in the spaces provided by indicating the street number, street name, municipality and province. Indicate the name of the country if necessary.

## Bride's Residence (City/Municipal) (BRESM)

## File: Marriages\_2011-2012

**Overview**

Type: Discrete  
 Format: numeric  
 Width: 2  
 Decimals: 0  
 Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
 Invalid: 0

**Description**

Residence refers to the place where the groom and the bride habitually reside at the time of marriage. (CITY/MUNICIPALITY)

**Pre question**

Bride

**Literal question**

Residence

**Interviewer instructions**

## Bride's Residence (City/Municipal) (BRESM)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

Enter the complete address of the contracting parties in the spaces provided by indicating the street number, street name, municipality and province. Indicate the name of the country if necessary.

## Bride's Birth Place (Country) (BBPLACEC)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 4-895

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Place of Birth refers to the geographic location where the birth of the wife (Bride) actually occurred. (COUNTRY)

#### Pre question

Bride

#### Literal question

Place of Birth

#### Interviewer instructions

On the space provided, enter the name of city or municipality and the name of the province where each of the contracting parties was born.

## Bride's Birth Place (Province) (BBPLACEP)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Place of Birth refers to the geographic location where the birth of the wife (Bride) actually occurred. (PROVINCE)

#### Pre question

Bride

#### Literal question

Place of Birth

#### Interviewer instructions

On the space provided, enter the name of city or municipality and the name of the province where each of the contracting parties was born.

## Bride's Birth Place (City/Municipal) (BBPLACEM)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

## Bride's Birth Place (City/Municipal) (BBPLACEM)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Description

Place of Birth refers to the geographic location where the birth of the wife (Bride) actually occurred. (CITY/MUNICIPALITY)

#### Pre question

Bride

#### Literal question

Place of Birth

#### Interviewer instructions

On the space provided, enter the name of city or municipality and the name of the province where each of the contracting parties was born.

## Bride's Religion (BREL)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 0-99

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Religion is a set of common beliefs and practices generally held by a group of people while a religious sect is a group of people forming a distinct unit within a larger group by virtue of certain refinements or distinctions of belief or practice.

#### Pre question

Bride

#### Literal question

Religion

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the faith professed by the concerned party such as "Roman Catholic", "Iglesia ni Cristo", "Islam", etc..

## Bride's Civil Status (BSTATUS)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Civil Status refers to the legal status of a contracting party with reference to the marriage laws or customs of his/her country.

#### NOTE:

The entry "married" is acceptable for those who are members of the ICCs/IPs and for a groom whose religion is "Islam" since they are allowed to contract multiple marriages.

#### Pre question

Bride

#### Literal question

Civil Status

#### Interviewer instructions

## Bride's Civil Status (BSTATUS)

### File: Marriages\_2011-2012

The acceptable entry for this item is any of the following:

1. Single - for a person who has never been married or his/her marriage has been annulled.
2. Widow/Widower - for a married person whose spouse died and who has not remarried up to the time of solemnization of the marriage in reference. Presumed widow/widower is considered widow/widower.
3. Divorced - for a person has been divorced from previous marriage through talaq, tafwid or court order including ICCs/IPs marriages dissolved.

Write the appropriate civil status of the contracting parties.

NOTE: The entry "Married" is acceptable for those who are members of the ICCs/IPs and for a groom whose religion is "Islam" since they are allowed to contract multiple marriages.

## Place of Registration (Province) (REGPROV)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF REGISTRATION is the city/municipality where the event is to be registered. Generally, it is the office of the Local Civil Registrar of the place of occurrence.

Province where the death is registered.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

Province

#### Interviewer instructions

The province, city/municipality located at the upper left portion of the document identifies the geographic location where the death is to be registered. This is usually the place of occurrence except in the following cases:

1. The death of a person in a vehicle, airplane or vessel while in transit within the jurisdiction of the Philippines and where the exact place of death cannot be determined, the certificate of death shall be issued by the health officer of the place of burial/cremation and shall be registered in the LCRO of the said city/municipality. If the place of burial/cremation is outside the Philippines, the death shall be registered in the LCRO of Manila.
2. When a citizen of the Philippines dies aboard a vessel or airplane en route to the Philippines and the exact place of death cannot be ascertained, the death shall be registered with the LCRO of the city/municipality where the person habitually resides before his death, if he was a resident of the Philippines.  
  
If the deceased is a foreigner and a resident of the Philippines, the death shall be registered in the LCRO where the deceased habitually resides.  
  
If the deceased is a foreigner and a resident of the Philippines, his death shall be registered in the LCRO of Manila.
3. The death of a person in a vehicular accident, airplane crash, shipwreck within the jurisdiction of the Philippines and the site of the accident or the place where the victim was found cannot be determined, a certificate of death shall be issued by the health officer of the place of burial and shall be registered in the LCRO of the said city/municipality.
4. The death of a person aboard a vessel in the high seas shall be registered in the LCRO of the place of burial upon presentation of a certificate of death issued by the health officer of the said place, or by the ship doctor, if any, otherwise, the ship captain shall issue and cause the registration of the death certificate.
5. If the person is buried or drowned in the high seas, or for any other reason, the body was not recovered; registration shall be made in the LCRO of the place of last known address of the deceased in the Philippines.  
  
If the deceased is not a resident of the Philippines, the registration shall be made in the LCRO of Manila. The ship doctor or the captain or the health officer, in the exercise of his wise discretion, may issue and cause the registration of the death certificate.
6. In case of mass death where several persons died due to natural calamities, accidents, epidemic, etc., the health officer may issue and cause the registration of the death certificates in the LCRO where the mass death occurred.

Write the name of the province and city/municipality where the event is registered on the appropriate spaces. Geographic codes are not acceptable.

## Place of Registration (City/Municipality) (REGMUN)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

PLACE OF REGISTRATION is the city/municipality where the event is to be registered. Generally, it is the office of the Local Civil Registrar of the place of occurrence.

City/Municipality where the death is registered.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

City/Municipality

#### Interviewer instructions

The province, city/municipality located at the upper left portion of the document identifies the geographic location where the death is to be registered. This is usually the place of occurrence except in the following cases:

1. The death of a person in a vehicle, airplane or vessel while in transit within the jurisdiction of the Philippines and where the exact place of death cannot be determined, the certificate of death shall be issued by the health officer of the place of burial/cremation and shall be registered in the LCRO of the said city/municipality. If the place of burial/cremation is outside the Philippines, the death shall be registered in the LCRO of Manila.
2. When a citizen of the Philippines dies aboard a vessel or airplane en route to the Philippines and the exact place of death cannot be ascertained, the death shall be registered with the LCRO of the city/municipality where the person habitually resides before his death, if he was a resident of the Philippines.

If the deceased is a foreigner and a resident of the Philippines, the death shall be registered in the LCRO where the deceased habitually resides.

If the deceased is a foreigner and a resident of the Philippines, his death shall be registered in the LCRO of Manila.

3. The death of a person in a vehicular accident, airplane crash, shipwreck within the jurisdiction of the Philippines and the site of the accident or the place where the victim was found cannot be determined, a certificate of death shall be issued by the health officer of the place of burial and shall be registered in the LCRO of the said city/municipality.

4. The death of a person aboard a vessel in the high seas shall be registered in the LCRO of the place of burial upon presentation of a certificate of death issued by the health officer of the said place, or by the ship doctor, if any, otherwise, the ship captain shall issue and cause the registration of the death certificate.

5. If the person is buried or drowned in the high seas, or for any other reason, the body was not recovered; registration shall be made in the LCRO of the place of last known address of the deceased in the Philippines.

If the deceased is not a resident of the Philippines, the registration shall be made in the LCRO of Manila. The ship doctor or the captain or the health officer, in the exercise of his wise discretion, may issue and cause the registration of the death certificate.

6. In case of mass death where several persons died due to natural calamities, accidents, epidemic, etc., the health officer may issue and cause the registration of the death certificates in the LCRO where the mass death occurred.

Write the name of the province and city/municipality where the event is registered on the appropriate spaces. Geographic codes are not acceptable.

## Date of Death (Month) (DMONTH)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-12

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Date of Death helps in verifying the age of the deceased at the time of his death. (MONTH)

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

DATE OF DEATH (month)

#### Interviewer instructions

In the order as required in the certificate, enter the exact day, month and year when the person died. Abbreviated name of the month as "Jan." is acceptable. However, numerical entry for the month like "1" for January, "2" for February etc., is not acceptable since this can easily be confused with the entry for day. If the exact date of death is not known, enter the most probable date of death.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

## Date of Death (Day) (DDAY)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-31

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Date of Death helps in verifying the age of the deceased at the time of his death. (DAY)

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

DATE OF DEATH (day)

#### Interviewer instructions

In the order as required in the certificate, enter the exact day, month and year when the person died. Abbreviated name of the month as "Jan." is acceptable. However, numerical entry for the month like "1" for January, "2" for February etc., is not acceptable since this can easily be confused with the entry for day. If the exact date of death is not known, enter the most probable date of death.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

## Date of Death (Year) (DYEAR)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 2011-2012

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0



## Date of Death (Year) (DYEAR)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Description

The Date of Death helps in verifying the age of the deceased at the time of his death. (YEAR)

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

DATE OF DEATH (year)

#### Interviewer instructions

In the order as required in the certificate, enter the exact day, month and year when the person died. Abbreviated name of the month as "Jan." is acceptable. However, numerical entry for the month like "1" for January, "2" for February etc., is not acceptable since this can easily be confused with the entry for day. If the exact date of death is not known, enter the most probable date of death.

Write the four digits of the year, example: "2008".

## Place of Death (Country) (CTRYCODE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 3

Decimals: 0

Range: 4-895

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

Country of the geographic location where the death actually occurred.

Information on place of death is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place and whether the document has been approved by the authorized public health officer.

#### Interviewer instructions

For deaths in hospital/clinic or other similar institutions, enter the complete name of the hospital or the institution, followed by the complete address (no. street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred at the house of the deceased, enter the exact address (house number, street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred in a vehicle, vessel or airplane and the exact place of death cannot be ascertained, enter the name, route, plate number/voyage number/flight number, as the case may be, and other necessary description of the vehicle/vessel/airplane and the description of the location where the accident happened.

## Place of Death (Region) (REGCODE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

Region of the geographic location where the death actually occurred.

The information on place of death is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place and whether the document has been approved by the authorized public health officer.

#### Interviewer instructions

## Place of Death (Region) (REGCODE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

For deaths in hospital/clinic or other similar institutions, enter the complete name of the hospital or the institution, followed by the complete address (no. street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred at the house of the deceased, enter the exact address (house number, street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred in a vehicle, vessel or airplane and the exact place of death cannot be ascertained, enter the name, route, plate number/voyage number/flight number, as the case may be, and other necessary description of the vehicle/vessel/airplane and the description of the location where the accident happened.

## Place of Death (Province) (PROVCODE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Province of the geographic location where the death actually occurred.

The information on place of death is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place and whether the document has been approved by the authorized public health officer.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

PLACE OF DEATH (Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

For deaths in hospital/clinic or other similar institutions, enter the complete name of the hospital or the institution, followed by the complete address (no. street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred at the house of the deceased, enter the exact address (house number, street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred in a vehicle, vessel or airplane and the exact place of death cannot be ascertained, enter the name, route, plate number/voyage number/flight number, as the case may be, and other necessary description of the vehicle/vessel/airplane and the description of the location where the accident happened.

## Place of Death (City/Municipality) (MUNCODE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

City / Municipality of the geographic location where the death actually occurred.

The information on place of death is necessary in determining if the document was registered in the proper place and whether the document has been approved by the authorized public health officer.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

## Place of Death (City/Municipality) (MUNCODE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Literal question

PLACE OF DEATH (City/Municipality)

#### Interviewer instructions

For deaths in hospital/clinic or other similar institutions, enter the complete name of the hospital or the institution, followed by the complete address (no. street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred at the house of the deceased, enter the exact address (house number, street/barangay, city/municipality and province).

If death occurred in a vehicle, vessel or airplane and the exact place of death cannot be ascertained, enter the name, route, plate number/voyage number/flight number, as the case may be, and other necessary description of the vehicle/vessel/airplane and the description of the location where the accident happened.

## Date of Registration (Month) (REGMONTH)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-12

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

Month of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Month)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not acceptable.

## Date of Registration (Day) (REGDAY)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

## Date of Registration (Day) (REGDAY)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-31

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Day of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Day)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not acceptable.

## Date of Registration (Year) (REGYEAR)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 4  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 2011-2013

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

Year of the date of registration of the document.

This item is located at REGISTERED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR portion (Date).

This item, RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR, shows whether the certificate was filed within the time period specified by law. The signature of the civil registrar provides evidence that the certificate has been accepted by and filed with the civil registrar.

This item should be accomplished by the civil registrar or the authorized representative. The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

## Date of Registration (Year) (REGYEAR)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR (Date)

#### Post question

(Year)

#### Interviewer instructions

After checking the completeness and correctness of entries, the civil registrar or his authorized deputy or assistant shall affix his signature over his signature over his printed name. His title or position and the date when the document was received at his office must also be indicated.

The signature affixed in this item indicates that the certificate was filed and accepted by the civil registrar. The date indicates whether the birth certificate was filed within the reglementary period.

The absence of the necessary signature in this item can be a basis for questioning the validity of the certificate.

Facsimile signature is not acceptable.

## Registration Status (REGSTATUS)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

This indicates whether or not the document is registered within the reglementary period which is within 30 days after the death. This is determined by comparing the date of death and the date received at the Office of the Civil Registrar which is presumed to be the date of registration. If the time difference is less than 30 days.

#### Source of information

[Source: INSTRUCTION MANUAL: Civil Registry Forms (Accomplishment and Coding)]

#### Interviewer instructions

REGLEMENTARY PERIOD is the prescribed period within which an event should be registered.

DELAYED REGISTRATION refers to the registration of an event beyond the reglementary period as specified in existing laws, rules and regulations.

Late registration status is when the death is registered beyond the 30-day reglementary period.

Timely registration status is when the death is registered within the 30-day reglementary period.

## Sex (SEX)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The item sex aids in the identification of the dead. It is used for measuring sex differentials in health related characteristics. This item is used in determining sex-specific mortality rates.

#### Pre question

## Sex (SEX)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.  
Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX  
ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS  
ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY  
ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH  
ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS  
ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES  
ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT

#### Literal question

SEX

#### Post question

(Male or Female)

#### Interviewer instructions

Place "X" before the appropriate sex of the deceased.

## Age (AGE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 3	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

#### Description

The Age at the time of death is the information used to study age-specific mortality differentials for planning and evaluation of public health programs.

Age is expressed in the largest possible completed units.

AGE AT DEATH during the first day of life (day zero) should be recorded in units of completed minutes or hours of life. For the second day (day 1), third day (day 2) and through 27 completed days of life, age at death should be recorded in days.

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.  
Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX  
ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS  
ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY  
ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH  
ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS  
ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES  
ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT  
ITEM 21 = CORPSE DISPOSAL  
ITEM 23 = AUTOPSY

#### Literal question

AGE  
a. 1 YEAR OR ABOVE  
b. UNDER 1 YEAR  
c. UNDER 1 DAY

#### Post question

a. 1 YEAR OR ABOVE (Completed Years)  
b. UNDER 1 YEAR (Months) or (Days)  
c. UNDER 1 DAY (Hrs/Min/Sec)

#### Interviewer instructions

## Age (AGE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

In reporting age, classification is made for ( i ) individuals who died at age 1 or over, ( ii ) those who lived for less than a year but more than 1 day and ( iii ) those who lived for less than a day.

Only the appropriate column shall have entries. Leave the other columns blank.

If One Year or Above

Enter the exact age of the deceased in completed years as of his last birthday.

Under 1 Year

Enter the exact age in months and/or days at the time of death of infant who had survived for at least a day but less than a year.

Under 1 Day

Enter the exact number of hours, minutes or seconds the infant had lived, for infants who died within 24 hours.

If the infant had lived for 23 hours or below, enter age in completed hours.

If the infant had lived for less than 1 hour, enter the age in minutes.

Entries should be indicated in hours, minutes or seconds, as the case may be.

NOTE:

AGE AT DEATH during the first day of life (day zero) should be recorded in units of completed minutes or hours of life. For the second day (day 1), third day (day 2) and through 27 completed days of life, age at death should be recorded in days.

## Religion (RELIGION)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Religion is the information used to determine the incidence of deaths by religion/religious sect.

This item is used to determine the incidence of deaths in certain religion.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

RELIGION

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the faith professed by the deceased such as "Roman Catholic", "Aglipay", "Iglesia ni Cristo", "Islam", "Iglesia Filipina Independiente", "Philippine Evangelical Mission", "Jesus is Lord Church", etc.

## Nationality (NATIONALITY)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 2

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Nationality came from the question in Citizenship of the dead. Citizenship is the status that entitles a person to the rights and privileges of a subject in a chosen country. Citizenship is acquired by birth, by naturalization, or by election.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

## Nationality (NATIONALITY)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Literal question

CITIZENSHIP

#### Interviewer instructions

The Nationality came from the question in Citizenship of the dead.

Citizenship is the status that entitles a person to the rights and privileges of a subject in a chosen country. Citizenship is acquired by birth, by naturalization, or by election.

Write the citizenship of the deceased like "Filipino", "American", etc.

## Residence of Deceased (Country) (RCTRY)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 3  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 4-895

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Residence of the Deceased is the information used to determine the mortality data by residence. (COUNTRY)

Mortality data by residence are used with population data to compute death rates that are important in environmental studies. Data on deaths by place of residence of the deceased are also used to prepare population estimates.

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the complete address (house no., street, barangay, city/municipality, province and country) where the deceased usually reside at the time of death. In case the usual residence of the deceased is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

## Residence of Deceased (Region) (RREG)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-17

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Residence of the Deceased is the information used to determine the mortality data by residence. (REGION)

Mortality data by residence are used with population data to compute death rates that are important in environmental studies. Data on deaths by place of residence of the deceased are also used to prepare population estimates.

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the complete address (house no., street, barangay, city/municipality, province and country) where the deceased usually reside at the time of death. In case the usual residence of the deceased is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

## Residence of Deceased (Province) (RPROV)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview



## Residence of Deceased (Province) (RPROV)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-98

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Residence of the Deceased is the information used to determine the mortality data by residence. (PROVINCE)

Mortality data by residence are used with population data to compute death rates that are important in environmental studies. Data on deaths by place of residence of the deceased are also used to prepare population estimates.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

RESIDENCE (Province)

#### Post question

(House No., Street, Barangay) (City/Municipality) (Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the complete address (house no., street, barangay, city/municipality, province and country) where the deceased usually reside at the time of death. In case the usual residence of the deceased is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

## Residence of Deceased (City/Municipality) (RMUN)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-53

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Residence of the Deceased is the information used to determine the mortality data by residence. (CITY/MUNICIPALITY)

Mortality data by residence are used with population data to compute death rates that are important in environmental studies. Data on deaths by place of residence of the deceased are also used to prepare population estimates.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

RESIDENCE (City/Municipality)

#### Post question

(House No., Street, Barangay) (City/Municipality) (Province)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the complete address (house no., street, barangay, city/municipality and province) where the deceased usually reside at the time of death. In case the usual residence of the deceased is outside the Philippines, write in this item the complete address abroad.

## Civil Status (CSTAT)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

## Civil Status (CSTAT)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Civil Status is the information used in determining differences in mortality by civil status.

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX

ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS

ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY

ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH

ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES

ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT

#### Literal question

CIVIL STATUS

#### Post question

(Single, Married, Widowed, Others, Unknown)

#### Interviewer instructions

The classification of civil status are defined as follows:

- a. Single - If never been married.
- b. Married - Legally married or living consensually with husband/wife without benefit of legal marriage. A person classified as "married" includes one who remarried after having been widowed, separated or divorced or one temporarily separated from spouse owing to the nature of work, illness or service in the Armed Forces. Persons also considered married are those separated from their spouse either legally or otherwise, due to marital discord.
- c. Widowed - A person whose spouse died and who has not remarried at the time of enumeration.
- d. Divorced - If bond of matrimony has been dissolved through a court decree and is therefore free to remarry.
- e. Unknown - If civil or marital status is either now known to the respondent, or the respondent himself refuses to reveal the marital status of such person.

Place "X" before the appropriate answer.

## Manner of Death (MANNER)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Manner of Death is part of the question for Death by Non-Natural Causes.

This will be used to obtain a more accurate categorization of non-natural causes or external causes of death. It is also used for the life insurance claims.

Indicating the cause of death by non-natural causes as enumerated in this item is an important information to justify the payment of double indemnity on life insurance policies. It is also used to obtain a more accurate determination of cause of death.

#### Pre question

## Manner of Death (MANNER)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX

ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS

ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY

ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH

ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES

ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT

#### Literal question

DEATH BY NON- NATURAL CAUSES

a. Manner of Death

#### Post question

[Homicide, Suicide, Accident, Others (Specify)]

#### Interviewer instructions

Place "X" before the appropriate answer on the line for the manner of death.

Write the place of death in line "b".

## Attendant at Death (ATTENDANCE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Attendant refers to a medical doctor or any other allied health care providers who provided medical attendance to the deceased.

This item shall be filled up whether or not the deceased has been medically attended or not.

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX

ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS

ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY

ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH

ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES

ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT

#### Literal question

ATTENDANT

#### Post question

[Private Physician, Public Health Officer, Hospital Authority, None or Others (specify)]

#### Interviewer instructions

## Attendant at Death (ATTENDANCE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

Place "X" before the appropriate answer. If the deceased had been medically attended to, the inclusive dates during which the deceased sought medical attendance for the disease, illness, or injury that caused his death is to be indicated in this item.

If the deceased was not medically attended to, put an "X" mark on the space provided for "None".

Classified as "Others" are allied health care providers such as nurses, licensed midwives, traditional birth attendants, etc.. In such cases, put an "X" mark in the space provided and specify.

## Mother's Age (MAGE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 9-54

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Age of the Mother is one of the most important factor in the study of childbearing and pregnancy outcome.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

AGE OF THE MOTHER

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the mother's age in completed years as of her last birthday.

## Method of Delivery (DMETHOD)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-2

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Method of Delivery is the information used to establish the trend in obstetric practice and to determine which age groups of women are likely to have caesarian delivery.

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX

ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS

ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY

ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH

ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES

ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT

ITEM 21 = CORPSE DISPOSAL

ITEM 23 = AUTOPSY

#### Literal question

METHOD OF DELIVERY

## Method of Delivery (DMETHOD)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Post question

[Normal; Spontaneous vertex or Others (Specify)]

#### Interviewer instructions

A classification between the surgical and other procedures to identify the method of delivery are given below:

- a. Normal, spontaneous vertex vaginal delivery, occipitoanterior
- b. Classified as "Others" in this item are as follows:
  1. Cephalic vaginal delivery with abnormal presentation of head at delivery, without instruments, with or without manipulation;
  2. Forceps, low application, without manipulation like forceps delivery NOS;
  3. Other forceps delivery such as forceps with manipulation, high forceps and mid forceps;
  4. Vacuum extraction which includes ventouse;
  5. Breech delivery, spontaneous, assisted or unspecified like partial breech extraction;
  6. Breech extraction including NOS and total and version with breech extraction;
  7. Elective caesarean section like caesarean section before, or at onset of, labour;
  8. Other and unspecified caesarean section; and
  9. Other and unspecified method of delivery that includes application of weight to leg in breech delivery, destructive operation to facilitate delivery and other surgical or instrumental delivery.

Place "X" before the appropriate answer. If "Others" is marked with "X", specify the method of delivery.

## Length of Pregnancy (PREG)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Continuous  
Format: numeric  
Width: 2  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-42

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Length of Pregnancy gives an information on the effect of the gestational age on the weight, maturity and health condition of the fetus.

#### Pre question

Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

#### Literal question

LENGTH OF PREGNANCY

#### Post question

(completed weeks)

#### Interviewer instructions

Write the length of pregnancy or gestation period in number of completed weeks as estimated by the attendant at birth.

If the attendant has not done a clinical estimate of gestation, place the word "Don't Know" or "D.K." in the space provided.

## Type of Birth (BTYPE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete  
Format: numeric  
Width: 1  
Decimals: 0  
Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0  
Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Type of Birth has important health implications. This variable shows whether the birth is single, twin, triplet, etc.

## Type of Birth (BTYPE)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX

ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS

ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY

ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH

ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES

ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT

ITEM 21 = CORPSE DISPOSAL

ITEM 23 = AUTOPSY

#### Interviewer instructions

Place "X" before the appropriate code whether the child was born single, or a product of multiple birth such as twin, triplet, etc.

## Multiple Birth (MULBIRTH)

### File: Deaths of 2011-2012

#### Overview

Type: Discrete

Format: numeric

Width: 1

Decimals: 0

Range: 1-9

Valid cases: 0

Invalid: 0

#### Description

The Multiple Birth came from the item in the questionnaire "16. If Multiple Birth, Child Was".

The occurrence of multiple births is related to the age of the mother and birth order. Survival differences related to order of delivery exist in multiple births.

This item plays an important role in matters relative to testate succession or matters of inheritance.

#### Pre question

(Fill out completely, accurately and legibly. Use ink or typewriter.

Place X before the appropriate answer in items 2, 9, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19,21 and 23.)

ITEM 2 = SEX

ITEM 9 = CIVIL STATUS

ITEM 13 = METHOD OF DELIVERY

ITEM 15 = TYPE OF BIRTH

ITEM 16 = IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

ITEM 18 = DEATH BY NON-NATURAL CAUSES

ITEM 19 = ATTENDANT

ITEM 21 = CORPSE DISPOSAL

ITEM 23 = AUTOPSY

#### Literal question

IF MULTIPLE BIRTH, CHILD WAS

#### Post question

[First, Second or Others (Specify)]

#### Interviewer instructions

This item is filtered from the entry in Type of Birth.

If multiple birth, specify the order in which the child was born, i.e., first, second, etc.. Place "X" before the appropriate code.

If "X" is placed before "Others", specify the order of his birth, i.e., "third", "fourth", etc..

Remember taht for multiple birth cases resulting to death, each infant death should have a separate death certificate.



## Documentation

### Questionnaires

#### Certificate of Marriage (Municipal Form No. 97, Revised January 1993)

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Title Certificate of Marriage (Municipal Form No. 97, Revised January 1993)

subtitle Certificate of Marriage (COM)

Author(s) National Statistics Office (NSO)

Date 1993-01-01

Country Philippines

Language English

Publisher(s) Philippine Statistics Authority

The Certificate of Marriage (Municipal Form No. 97, Revised January 1993), is used to record information pertaining to the marriage of the contracting parties. It contains information regarding the groom and the bride. All information pertaining to the groom shall be entered under the column "Husband" while those for the bride under the column "Wife".

Description Marriage is defined as a special contract of permanent union between a man and a woman entered into in accordance with law for the establishment of conjugal and family life. It is the foundation of the family and an inviolable social institution whose nature, consequences, and incidence are governed by law and not subject to stipulation, except that marriage settlements may fix the property relations during the marriage within the limits provided in the Family Code of the Philippines.

Filename External Resources/forms/Certificate of Marriage (COM).pdf

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#### Certificate of Live Birth (Municipal Form No. 102, Revised January 1993)

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Title Certificate of Live Birth (Municipal Form No. 102, Revised January 1993)

subtitle Certificate of Live Birth (COLB)

Author(s) National Statistics Office (NSO)

Date 1993-01-01

Country Philippines

Language English

The Certificate of Live Birth (Municipal Form No. 102, Revised January 1993) is the prescribed form used for the declaration of facts and circumstances surrounding the birth of a person for purposes of registration. This document is a source of vital information and provides legal proof of the identity of an individual.

Description Live birth is the complete expulsion or extraction of a product of conception from its mother irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, which after such separation, breathes or shows any evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached - each product of such a birth is considered live born.

Filename External Resources/forms/Certificate of Live Birth (COLB).pdf

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#### Certificate of Foundling (OCRG Form No.101, Revised January 1993)

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Title Certificate of Foundling (OCRG Form No.101, Revised January 1993)

subtitle Certificate of Foundling (COF)

Author(s) National Statistics Office (NSO)

Date 1993-01-01

Country Philippines

Language English



The OCRG Form No.101, Revised January 1993, also known as the "Certification of Foundling (COF)", is used in recording the events surrounding the facts when an abandoned, deserted infant or child is found.

Description	FOUNDLING is a deserted or abandoned infant or a child found, with parents, guardian, or relatives being unknown, or a child committed in an orphanage or charitable or similar institution with unknown facts of birth and parentage. (Rule 26, Administrative Order No.1, Series of 1983)
Filename	C:/Users/joan martinez/Desktop/2017 PSADA/2018 for PSADA/External Resources/forms/COFoundling.pdf

## Certificate of Fetal Death (Municipal Form No.103A, Revised January 1993)

Title	Certificate of Fetal Death (Municipal Form No.103A, Revised January 1993)
subtitle	Certificate of Fetal Death (COFD)
Author(s)	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Date	1993-01-01
Country	Philippines
Language	English
	The Certificate of Fetal Death (Municipal Form No. 103A, Revised January 1993) is a record of death of a fetus.
Description	Fetal Death is death prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy; the death is indicated by the fact that after such separation the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscle.
Filename	External Resources/forms/Certificate of Fetal Death (COFD).pdf

## Certificate of Death (Municipal Form No. 103, Revised January 1993)

Title	Certificate of Death (Municipal Form No. 103, Revised January 1993)
subtitle	Certificate of Death (COD)
Author(s)	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Date	1993-01-01
Country	Philippines
Language	English
	The Certificate of Death (Municipal Form No. 103, Revised January 1993) is a record of vital information on the identity of the deceased.
Description	Death refers to the permanent disappearance of all evidence of life at any time after live birth has taken place (postnatal cessation of vital functions without capability of resuscitation).
Filename	External Resources/forms/Certificate of Death (COD).pdf

## Municipal Form No.97 (Revised January 2007, attachment)

Title	Municipal Form No.97 (Revised January 2007, attachment)
subtitle	Municipal Form No.97 - Attachment for Muslim
Author(s)	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Date	2007-01-01
Country	Philippines
Language	English

The Municipal Form No.97 (Revised January 2007, attachment) shall be permanently kept together and shall constitute the record of marriage of the Muslims.

This attachment form consist of the following details:  
 Province, City/Municipality  
 Registry No.

Description Name of Contracting Parties  
 Date of Marriage  
 Marriage Order  
 Amount of Mahr (Dowry)  
 Other Stipulations to the Marriage  
 Ethnicity of the Husband  
 Ethnicity of the Wife

Filename D:/2017 PSADA/06.14.2017\_datafiles/External Resources/forms/attachments/Municipal Form No.97 - Attachment for Muslim.pdf

## **Municipal Form No.97 (IP Form No.3) (Revised January 2007, attachment)**

Title Municipal Form No.97 (IP Form No.3) (Revised January 2007, attachment)  
 subtitle Municipal Form No.97 (IP Form No.3)  
 Author(s) National Statistics Office (NSO)  
 Date 2007-01-01  
 Country Philippines  
 Language English

The Municipal Form No.97 (IP Form No.3) (Revised January 2007, attachment) shall be permanently kept together and shall constitute the record of marriage of the Indigenous Cultural Communities (ICCs)/Indigenous Peoples (IPs).

This attachment form consist of the following details:  
 Province, City/Municipality  
 Registry No.

Description Name of Contracting Parties  
 Date of Marriage  
 Marriage Order  
 Amount of Dowry  
 Other Stipulations to the Marriage  
 Ethnicity of the Husband  
 Ethnicity of the Wife

Filename D:/2017 PSADA/06.14.2017\_datafiles/External Resources/forms/attachments/Municipal Form No.97 (IP Form No.3).pdf

## **Municipal Form No.102 (Revised January 2007, attachment)**

Title Municipal Form No.102 (Revised January 2007, attachment)  
 subtitle Municipal Form No.102 - Attachment for Muslim  
 Author(s) National Statistics Office (NSO)  
 Date 2007-01-01  
 Country Philippines  
 Language English

The Municipal Form No.102 (Revised January 2007, attachment) shall be permanently kept together and shall constitute the record of birth of the Muslims.

This attachment form consist of the following details:

	Province, City/Municipality
	Registry No.
	Name of the Child
Description	Date of Birth in Gregorian Calendar/Hijrah Calendar
	Ethnicity of the Father
	Ethnicity of the Mother
	Details about the Informant
	1. Signature
	2. Name in Print
	3. Relationship to the Child
	4. Address
	5. Date Accomplished
Filename	D:/2017 PSADA/06.14.2017_datafiles/External Resources/forms/attachments/Municipal Form No.102 - Attachment for Muslim.pdf

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## **Municipal Form No.102 (IP Form No.1) (Revised January 2004, attachment)**

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Title	Municipal Form No.102 (IP Form No.1) (Revised January 2004, attachment)
subtitle	Municipal Form No.102 (IP Form No.1)
Author(s)	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Date	2004-01-01
Country	Philippines
Language	English
	The Municipal Form No.102 (Revised January 2007, attachment) shall be permanently kept together and shall constitute the record of birth of the Indigenous Cultural Communities (ICCs)/Indigenous Peoples (IPs).
	This attachment form consist of the following details:
	Province, City/Municipality
	Registry No.
	Name of the Child
Description	Date of Birth
	Ethnicity of the Father
	Ethnicity of the Mother
	Details about the Informant
	1. Signature
	2. Name in Print
	3. Relationship to the Child
	4. Address
Filename	D:/2017 PSADA/06.14.2017_datafiles/External Resources/forms/attachments/Municipal Form No.102 (IP Form No.1).pdf

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## **Municipal Form No.103 (Revised January 2007, attachment)**

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Title	Municipal Form No.103 (Revised January 2007, attachment)
subtitle	Municipal Form No.103 - Attachment for Muslim
Author(s)	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Date	2007-01-01
Country	Philippines
Language	English

The Municipal Form No.103 (Revised January 2007, attachment) shall be permanently kept together and shall constitute the record of death of the Muslims.

This attachment form consist of the following details:

Province, City/Municipality

Registry No.

Name of the Deceased Including Haj Name and Traditional Title, if Any

Date of Death in Gregorian Calendar/Hijrah Calendar

Date of Birth in Gregorian Calendar/Hijrah Calendar

Full Name of Spouse(s) in chronological listing

Person Who Performed Burial Rites, details:

1. Signature

2. Name of Officiating Person

3. Title/Position/Designation

4. Address

5. Date Accomplished

Description

Filename

D:/2017 PSADA/06.14.2017\_datafiles/External Resources/forms/attachments/Municipal Form No.103 - Attachment for Muslim.pdf

## Municipal Form No.103 (IP Form No.2) (Revised January 2004, attachment)

Title Municipal Form No.103 (IP Form No.2) (Revised January 2004, attachment)

subtitle Municipal Form No.103 (IP Form No.2)

Author(s) National Statistics Office (NSO)

Date 2004-01-01

Country Philippines

Language English

The Municipal Form No.103 (IP Form No.2) (Revised January 2004, attachment) shall be permanently kept together and shall constitute the record of death of the Indigenous Cultural Communities (ICCs)/Indigenous Peoples (IPs).

This attachment form consist of the following details:

Province, City/Municipality

Registry No.

Name of the Deceased Including Traditional Title, if Any

Date of Death

Date of Birth

Ethnic Affiliation of the Deceased

Full Name of Spouse(s) in chronological listing

Burial Rites, details:

1. Name of Officiating Person

2. Signature

3. Address

4. Title/Position/Designation

5. Date Accomplished

Description

Filename

D:/2017 PSADA/06.14.2017\_datafiles/External Resources/forms/attachments/Municipal Form No.103 (IP Form No.2).pdf

## Reports

### 2011-2012 Vital Statistics Report

Title 2011-2012 Vital Statistics Report

subtitle VSR 2011-2012 (Marriages, Births and Deaths in the Philippines)

Author(s) Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA)

Date 2014-06-01

Country Philippines

Language English

Publisher(s)	Philippine Statistics Authority
Description	The 2011-2012 Vital Statistics Report includes data compiled from the reports submitted to and received by the Philippine Statistics Office for the period 2011-2012 on registered births, deaths and marriages from all City and Municipal Registrars of the country, from Philippine Courts which included the Shari'ah Circuit Courts on decided court cases involving civil registration and from the Department of Foreign Affairs on all registered vital events with Philippine foreign embassies involving Filipino nationals living abroad.
	The data presented are vital events that occurred from 2011 to 2012 but received from the LCR from January 2011 to March 2013. Events occurring in 2012 but were registered beyond March 2013 were no longer included in the generation of 2012 VSR. However, an addendum to this report had included those beyond the cut off dates of events from 2011 up to 2012 which included events that have been registered late.
Table of contents	<p>Explanatory Note ..... viii</p> <p>Summary of Vital Statistics in the Philippines ..... xii</p> <p>Brief Analysis</p> <p>Marriages ..... xix</p> <p>Births ..... xxv</p> <p>Deaths ..... xxxiii</p> <p>List of Tables ..... 1</p> <p>List of Appendices ..... 161</p>
Filename	External Resources/Manuals/2011-2012 Vital Statistics Report.pdf

## Technical documents

### Marriage: Philippines 2011 (Press Release)

Title	Marriage: Philippines 2011 (Press Release)
subtitle	Marriage 2011
Author(s)	National Statistics Office (NSO)
Date	2013-03-27
Country	Philippines
Language	English
Description	<p>About Marriages for the 2011</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Registered marriages in 2011 drop by 1.3 percent</li> <li>- February is the favorite month for wedding</li> <li>- Women prefer to marry at an earlier age than men</li> <li>- Four out of ten marriages are contracted through civil rites</li> </ul>
Filename	<a href="http://www.psa.gov.ph/content/marriage-philippines-2011">http://www.psa.gov.ph/content/marriage-philippines-2011</a>

## Other materials

### Civil Registration and Vital Statistics Handbook for Health Workers (Second Edition)

Title	Civil Registration and Vital Statistics Handbook for Health Workers (Second Edition)
subtitle	Handbook for Health Workers (Second Edition)
Author(s)	Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA)
Date	2016-01-01
Country	Philippines
Language	English

The Civil Registration and Vital Statistics Handbook for Health Workers was jointly developed by the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) and the Department of Health (DOH).

Description This handbook aims to provide the necessary information that will guide and enhance the skills of city/municipal civil registrars, health workers and other stakeholders in facilitating the registration of births, deaths and fetal deaths.

This second edition contains the concepts, definitions and specific instructions in proper accomplishment of birth, death and fetal death certificates with additional information on the revised Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9255 (An Act Allowing Illegitimate Child to Use the Surname of the Father).

Filename <http://www.psa.gov.ph/vital-statistics>

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## **INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL: Civil Registry Forms (Accomplishment and Coding)**

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Title INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL: Civil Registry Forms (Accomplishment and Coding)

Author(s) National Statistics Office (NSO)

Date 1993-02-01

Country Philippines

Description This instructions Manual was prepared mainly for the use of the civil registrar of a city or municipality and the Vital Statistics Staff of the National Statistics Office. Moreover, this is also useful for other persons involved in civil registration work and persons who are using the data produced from the civil registry documents.

Filename C:/Users/joan martinez/Desktop/2017 PSADA/2018 for PSADA/External Resources/Manuals/INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL Civil Registry Forms\_1993.pdf

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